

# $2^{\text {nd }}$ HALF YEARLY MONITORING REPORT 

## OF

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION, PUNE
(Monitoring Institution)
ON

## MID DAY MEAL SCHEME

## FOR THE STATE OF MAHARASHTRA

PERIOD: $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2012 TO 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ October, 2012

## DISTRICTS COVERED

## 1. HINGOLI

2. NANDED
3. GADCHIROLI
4. AMRAVATI
5. YAVATMAL

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## Acknowledgement

This report has been prepared for five districts of Maharashtra showing the progress of the Mid-day Meal in these districts till September 2012, during the year 2012-13. This report has been preparared on basis of the data collected from 40 schools which have been selected on the basis of criteria given by the Govt. of India and tools provided by the Govt. of India.

We are grateful thanks to Shri. A. D. Kale (IAS), State Project Director, Maharashtra Prathamik Shikshan Parishad, Mumbai, Dr. Shridhar Salunkhe, Director of Education Maharashtra State, Shri. Govind Nandede Jt. Director of Education Maharashtra State and many officials and individuals at the State and District level who extended immense cooperation in the monitoring work.

The BEOs, BRCs, CRCs and MDM functionaries extended great cooperation with respect to the actual visits to the schools. The Headmasters and the Teachers at the village level were very helpful.

We are grateful to the Honorable Chairman and Honorable Member Secretary, BoT IIE for inspiring us to undertake this study and made valuable suggestions from time to time.

We thank all those who have helped us in this field study directly or indirectly. We are grateful to them all.

## Pune <br> $19^{\text {th }}$ November, 2012

## M.S. Kamble <br> Nodal Officer of M.I <br> SSA \& MDM Monitoring

I $\mathbf{2}^{\text {nd }}$ Half Yearly Monitoring Report of Indian Institute of Education, (Monitoring Institution)
on SSA-RTE for the State of MAHARASHTRA
for the period of $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2011 to $\mathbf{3 1}^{\text {st }}$ October 2012

## 1. General Information

| SI. <br> No | Information | Details |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. | Period of the report | $1^{\text {st }}$ April, 2012 to 31 ${ }^{\text {st }}$ October, 2012 |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | No. of Districts allotted | 5 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | Districts' name | 1) Hingoli 2) Nanded 3) Gadchiroli <br> 4) Amravati 5) Yavatmal |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Month of visit to the Districts / Schools (Information is to be given district wise) |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.1 | District 1: Hingoli | 10-18 July 2012 |  |  |  |  |
| 4.2 | District 2: Nanded | 23-30 July 2012 |  |  |  |  |
| 4.3 | District 3: Gadchiroli | 06-13 August 2012 |  |  |  |  |
| 4.4 | District 4: Amravati | 21-28 August 2012 |  |  |  |  |
| 4.5 | District 5: Yavatmal | 03-08 September 2012 |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | Total number of elementary schools (primary and upper primary existing in the district Information is to be given district wise i.e District 1, District 2, District 3 etc.) | SI District <br> no  |  | Type of schools |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | PS |  | UPS |
|  |  | Hingoli |  | 913 |  | 588 |
|  |  | 2 Nanded |  | 2701 |  | 1680 |
|  |  | Gadchiroli |  | 1696 |  | 689 |
|  |  | 4 Amravati |  | 1945 |  | 1207 |
|  |  | 5 | Yavatmal | 2426 |  | 1329 |
|  |  |  | Total | 9681 |  | 5493 |
| 6. | Number of elementary schools monitored (primary and upper primary to be counted separately) Information is to be given for district wise i.e District 1, District 2, District 3 etc) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline \mathrm{SI} & \mathrm{Di} \\ \text { no } \end{array}$ | District | Type of schools |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | PS |  | UPS |
|  |  | $1{ }^{1}$ Hin | Hingoli | 13 |  | 27 |
|  |  | 2 N | ded | 14 |  | 26 |
|  |  | Gadchiroli |  | 12 |  | 28 |
|  |  | 4 Am | Amravati | 14 |  | 26 |
|  |  | 5 Y | Yavatmal | 13 |  | 27 |
|  |  | Total |  | 66 |  | 134 |
| 7. | Types of school visited | District-1 Hingoli | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { District-2 } \\ \text { Nanded } \end{array}$ | District-3 Gadchiroli | District-4 Amravati | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { District-5 } \\ \text { Yavatmal } \end{array}$ |
| a) | Special training centers (Residential) | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| b) | Special training centers (Non Residential) | NA | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| c) | Schools in Urban Areas | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 |


| d) | School sanctioned with Civil Works | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| e) | School from NPEGEL Blocks | 2 | 2 | 2 | NA | NA |
| f) | Schools having CWSN | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| g) | School covered under CAL programme | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| h) | KGBVs | 1 | 3 | 3 | NA | NA |
| 8. | Number of schools visited by Nodal <br> Officer of the Monitoring Institute | 11 | 8 | 10 | 7 | 8 |
| 9. | Whether the draft report has been <br> shared with the SPO : YES / NO | As suggested in ToR, Reports 5 (i \& ii) the draft <br> report was sent DE (Primary) Maharashtra on 31 <br> October, 2012 by hand. But did not receive any <br> communication regarding the date for sharing or any <br> comment. |  |  |  |  |
| 10. | After submission of the draft report to <br> the SPO whether the MI has received <br> any comments from the SPO: YES / <br> NO | awaited <br> 11. <br> Before sending the reports to the GOI <br> whether the MI has shared the report <br> with SPO: YES / NO |  |  |  |  |

## 12. Selection Procedure for schools

As per the Terms of Reference for monitoring of MDM programme by the Monitoring Institutes (2012-13), the following procedure was carried out for the selection of 40 schools in the district.

The State authorities were approached by the monitoring institute and they were informed about the monitoring visit to be made to the 5 district. Similarly, the selection criteria fixed by the MDM authorities at the national level were communicated to them along with the monitoring visit plan for the 5 districts. The State authorities were requested to instruct the respective district authorities about the same and also to provide necessary information and arrangements.

All the concerned authorities from the 5 districts were instructed by the State Office about the school visits of the monitoring institute. Accordingly, the correspondence and discussion on telephone with DPOs had been initiated. A visit plan along with the selection criteria of the schools had been sent well in advance to the respective district.

A meeting was organized at the respective district headquarters with the help of the district authorities to select the schools. This meeting was attended by the District authorities; BEOs, BRC Coordinators, MDM functionaries working at the block and district level and investigators of MI. The objectives of monitoring visit and the selection criteria and tools were discussed with them. A set of criteria was given to each group. As the block wise situation was different, all groups came up with the list comprised of uneven numbers. A
comprehensive list was prepared by combining all the lists provided by the block representatives. The comprehensive list was discussed with the District Education Officer and finalized. The final list of 40 schools spread all over the blocks of the respective district was prepared that fulfilled all the criteria for selection. In consultation with the functionaries involved in the selection process of the schools, a school visit plan was prepared for the respective block and then monitoring visit to the urban schools was started.

Under the guidance and day-to-day supervision of the Nodal Officer, the process of data collection of 40 schools was completed according to the monitoring visit plan for the 5 districts.


Selection of schools: Meeting of the District functionaries


Selection of schools: Meeting of the District functionaries

## 13. Selection Criteria for Schools

As suggested in the ToR the selection of 40 schools to be visited was made on the basis of the given criteria.
a) Higher gender gap in enrolment
b) Higher proportion of SC/ST students
c) Low retention and higher dropout rate
d) The school has a minimum of three CWSN
e) The habitation where the school is located at has sizeable number of out of school children
f) The habitations where the school is located at witnesses in-bound and out-bound seasonal migration
g) The ward/unit of planning where the school is located at is known to have sizeable number of urban deprived children
h) The school is located in a forest or far flung area
i) The habitation where the school is located at witnesses recurrent floods or some other natural calamity
j) School covered under CAL Programme
k) School sanctioned with civil works
l) School from NPEGEL blocks and m) KGBVs

## Chapter 2.

## District Summary of the School Reports of MDM

## 1. REGULARITY IN SERVING MEAL:

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | All sample schools were serving a hot cooked meal every day. Interruption in <br> serving hot cooked meal was found in 20 schools (51.28\%) last year (2011- <br> 12).It was observed that out some schools there was total interruption more <br> than 30 days. Interruption in serving hot cooked meal was found in 8 schools <br> $(20.51 \%)$ current year (2012-13) . |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | All sample schools were serving a hot cooked meal every day. There was an <br> interruption due to irregular supply of food grains in 9 schools (24.32\%) in <br> current year. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | All sample schools were serving a hot cooked meal every day. There was an <br> interruption in 4 schools (10.81\%) due to irregular supply of food grains. |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | All sample schools were serving a hot cooked meal every day. There was an <br> interruption in only 1 school (2.5\%), due to irregular supply of food grains. |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | All sample schools were serving a hot cooked meal every day. There was an <br> interruption in 8 sample schools (20\%) and the reason was irregular supply <br> of food grains, split pulses and condiments. |

## 2. TRENDS:

| District: 1 | All children 8898(boys-4596 \& girls-4302) enrolled in the school opted for <br> mid-day meal. No variation was found between the number of children <br> availing mid-day meal as per MDM register and actual number of children <br> availing mid-day meal on the day of visit.85.65 percent of children (Boys <br> $83.46 \%$ \& Girls 87.98\%) had taken mid-day meal on the day of visit and <br> 87.46 percent of children (Boys $86.57 \%$ \& Girls 86.15\%) had taken mid-day <br> meal on the previous day of visit. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | All children 7050 (Boys 3538 \& Girls 3512) enrolled in the sample schools <br> opted for the mid-day meal. No variation was found between the number of <br> children availing and day meal as per MDM Register and actual number of <br> children consumed Mid-day Meal on the day of visit. 81.82 percent of <br> children had taken mid-day meal on the day of visit and 81.90 percent of <br> children had taken mid-day meal on the previous day. |


| District: 3 | Total children 6215 (Boys 2998 \& Girls 3217 ) enrolled in the school opted for <br> mid-day meal. Total 5638 children (Boys 2715 \& Girls 2923) were present <br> on the day of visit. No variation was found between the number of children <br> availing mid-day meal as per MDM register and actual number of children <br> availed mid-day meal on the day of visit. 90.92 percent of children had taken <br> mid-day meal on the day of visit and 85.47 percent of children had taken <br> mid-day meal on the previous day. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 4 | All children enrolled in the sample schools, opted for mid-day meal. No <br> variation was found between the number of children availing mid-day-meal <br> as per MDM register and actual number of children availed mid-day meal on <br> the day of visit. Total enrollment 7693 (boys-4340 \& girls 3353) out of it <br> 81.99 percent of children had taken mid-day meal on the day of visit and <br> 88.99 percent of children had taken mid-day meal on the previous day. |
| District: 5 | All children enrolled in the sample schools opted for Mid day meal. No <br> variation was found between the number of children availing MDM as per <br> Yavatmal |
| MDM register and actual number of children consumed mid day meal on the <br> day of visit. 83.14 percent of children had taken mid-day meal on the day of <br> visit and 87.52 percent of children had taken mid-day meal on the previous <br> day visit. |  |

## 3. REGULARITY IN DELIVERING FOOD GRAINS TO SCHOOL LEVEL:

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | 21 schools (53.85\%) had received food grains regularly and delay in <br> delivering food grains was noticed in 18 schools. The quantity of food grains <br> that was supplied was found to be as per the weight marked on bags in all <br> schools (100\%). All schools reported that the food grains were delivered at <br> the door step of the school. Except Z.P. School Devwadi school is in hilly <br> area there no way hence teacher arranged to carry food grains from road. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 2 | 22 schools (59.46\%) had received food grains regularly and there was a <br> delay in delivering food grains 15 schools (40.54\%). In 36 schools reported <br> that the food grains were delivered at the door step of the school. The <br> quality of food grain was found to be good in all schools. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | 37 schools out of it 30 schools (81.08\%) had received food grains regularly <br> and a delay in delivering food grains was noticed in 7 schools. All sample <br> schools reported that the food grains were delivered at the door step of the <br> school. |


| District: 4 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Amaravati | 31 schools (77.5\%) had received food grains regularly and there was a delay <br> in delivering food grains in 9 schools. All sample schools reported that the <br> food grains were delivered at the door step of the school. |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | 25 schools (62.15\%) had received food grains regularly and there was a <br> delay in delivering food grains in 9 schools. All sample schools reported that <br> the food grains were delivered at the door step of the school. |

4. REGULARITY IN DELIVERING COOKING COST At SCHOOL LEVEL

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | None of the schools had received cooking cost regularly. It was received <br> after a gap of 4 to 5 months. Most of the 33 schools cooking cost was paid <br> through bank and in 6 schools it was paid in cash. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | None of the schools had received cooking cost regularly. It was received <br> after a gap of 4 to 5 months. The school head master had paid the advance <br> from his own pocket whenever the cook asked for it and purchased the <br> vegetable on credit or spend from his own pocket. The cooking cost was <br> paid through bank in all schools. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | None of the schools had received cooking cost regularly. It was received <br> after a gap of 4 to 5 months. The school head master had paid the advance <br> from his own pocket whenever the cook asked for it and ensured the <br> continuity in mid-day-meal programme. |
| District: 4 | None of the schools had received cooking cost regularly. It was received <br> after a gap of 4 to 5 months. The school head master had paid the advance <br> from his own pocket whenever the cook asked for it. Sometime cook herself <br> managed to buy things such as fuel and vegetables etc on her credit. The <br> cooking cost was paid through bank in all schools. |
| District: 5 | None of the schools had received cooking cost regularly. It was received <br> after a gap of 4 to 5 months. The cooking cost was paid through bank in all <br> schools. |
| Yavatmal |  |

## 5. SOCIAL EQUITY:

| District: 1 | In none of the schools, any discrimination with respect to gender, caste or <br> community was observed in cooking, serving or seating arrangement. <br> It was noticed that in most of the schools (69.23\%) the students used to sit <br> in school verandah or open place in school premises and then cook/ helper <br> served the food. In 12 schools (30.77\%) the students used to stand in <br> queue. |
| :--- | :--- |


| District: 2 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nanded | In none of the schools, discrimination with respect to gender, caste or <br> community was observed in cooking or serving or seating arrangement. <br> In most of the schools (67.57\%) the students used to sit in school verandah <br> or open place in school premises and then cook/ helper served the food. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | No discrimination with respect to gender, caste or community was observed <br> in cooking or serving and seating arrangement. <br> In most of the schools (76.68\%) the children used to sit in school verandah <br> or in classroom to consume the food. It was observed that in few schools <br> $(24.32 \%)$ the students were used to stand in queue to take the meal |
| District: 4 | In none of the schools, discrimination with respect to gender, caste or <br> community was observed in cooking or serving or seating arrangement. <br> In most of the 32 schools (80\%) the students used to sit in school verandah <br> or in classroom or in open place in school premises and then the cook served <br> the food. In 8 schools (20\%) student use to stand in queue to take the meal. |
| District: 5 | No discrimination with respect to gender, caste or community was observed <br> in any school in cooking or serving or seating arrangement. |
| Yatmal was noticed that in 18 schools (45\%) the students used to stand in queue |  |
| to take the meal. In 22 schools (55\%) it was observed that the students |  |
| used to sit in school verandah or in classroom or in open place/ground in |  |
| school premises and then the cook and helper served the food |  |

## 6. VARIETY OF MENU:

| District: $\mathbf{1}$ | It was found that only 8 schools (20.51\%) had displayed menu at a place <br> noticeable to community. The committee constituted under the chairmanship <br> of the District Chief Executive Officer had selected a common menu for all <br> schools in the district. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: $\mathbf{2}$ <br> Nanded | 7 sample schools (18.92\%) had displayed a weekly menu at a place <br> noticeable to community. In 22 schools (59.5\%) it was inside the school <br> office and in 6 schools (16.22\%) it was inside the kitchen. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | It was found that in 18 schools (48.65\%) had displayed a menu at the place <br> noticeable to community. In 11 schools (29.73\%) it was inside the school <br> office and in 5 schools inside kitchen shed. <br> The committee constituted under the chairmanship of the District Chief <br> Executive Officer had selected the menu and it was followed by all schools in <br> the district. |


| District: 4 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Amaravati | Very few 6 schools (12.5\%) had displayed a weekly menu at a place <br> noticeable to community. In most of the schools (75\%) it was inside the <br> head masters office. In 4 schools it was inside the kitchen shed. The <br> committee constituted under the chairmanship of the District Chief Executive <br> Officer had selected menu and it was followed by all schools in the district. |
| District: 5 | It was found that only 7 schools (17.5\%) had displayed menu at a place <br> Yoticeable to community and in 30 schools (75\%) it was inside the school <br> office. The committee constituted under the chairmanship of the District <br> Chief Executive Officer had selected the menu and it was followed by the all <br> schools in the district. |

## 7. VARIETY OF FOOD:

| District: 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hingoli | In all schools a variety in food preparation as given the prescribed menu was <br> noticed. The daily menu was mainly rice preparation along with dal and curry <br> or sambhar on every alternate day, as given in the prescribed menu. |
| District: $\mathbf{2}$ <br> Nanded | In 27 schools a variety in food preparation as given in the prescribed menu <br> such as rice with curry or khichadi were found. The seasonal vegetables <br> were found to be used in mid-day meal in all schools. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | In all 37 schools, a variety in food preparation as given in the prescribed <br> menu was found. The seasonal vegetables were found to be used in mid-day <br> meal. Daily menu was mainly rice preparation along with dal and mung or <br> gram curry on every alternate day as given in the prescribed menu. |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | In 36 schools (90\%) a variety in food preparation as given in the prescribed <br> menu such as rice with curry or khichadi were found. The seasonal green <br> vegetables were found to be used in mid-day meal. |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | In 38 schools (95\%), a variety in food preparation as given in the prescribed <br> menu was found. The seasonal green vegetables were found to be used in <br> mid-day meal. In 7 schools (17.5\%) had displays a weekly menu at <br> noticeable to community. |

## 8. QUALITY \& QUANTITY OF MEAL:

| District: 1 | In 29 schools (74.36\%) quality of food was found to be good and in 9 <br> schools (23.08\%) it was average and in 1 school it was poor. Discussion with <br> children regarding quality and menu of the MDM showed that every day they <br> were getting good, quality food |
| :--- | :--- |


| District: 2 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Nanded | In 35 schools (94.59\%) quality of food was found to be good. In 2 schools <br> $(5.41 \%)$ it was average. Positive feedback on quality and quantity of food <br> was given by children from 36 schools (97.5\%). |
| District: 3 |  |
| Gadchiroli | In 32 schools (86.49\%) quality of food was found to be good. In 4 schools <br> $(10.81 \%)$ it was average and in 1 school it was poor. A positive feedback <br> was given by the children regarding quality and quantity of food. They were <br> found happy with it in all schools except Samuh Nivasi school Bhamragad |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | In 24 schools (60\%) quality of food was found to be good. In 15 schools <br> $(37.5 \%)$ it was average. In all schools enough food was provided. <br> In all schools children gave positive feedback about the food. They were <br> found to be happy with it. |
| District: 5 |  |
| Yavatmal | In 23 schools (55.5\%) quality of food was found to be good and in 15 <br> schools (37.5\%) it was average. In all schools enough food was provided <br> Discussion with children regarding quality and menu of the MDM showed <br> that every day they were getting good quality food. |

## 9. SUPPLEMENTARY:

| District: 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hingoli | Out of 39 schools, 38 schools (97.44\%) had maintained a Health Card for <br> each child. The annual health check up was found to be conducted in all <br> schools. The State has supplied micronutrient supplementation of IFA syrup <br> to the I to V class children and IFA capsules to the VI to VIII class children. |
| District: $\mathbf{2}$ <br> Nanded | 33 schools (89.19\%) had maintained a Health Card for each child. <br> The annual health check up was found to be conducted in all schools. The <br> State has supplied micronutrient supplementation of IFA syrup to I to V <br> class children and IFA capsules to VI-VIII class children. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | Except one school, all schools had maintained a Health Card for each child. <br> The annual health check up was found to be conducted in all schools. The <br> State has supplied micronutrient supplementation of IFA syrup to I to V class <br> children and IFA capsules to the VI to VIII class children. |
| District: 4 | 39 schools (97.5\%) out of 40 schools had maintained a Health Card for each <br> amild. The annual health check up was found to be conducted in all schools. <br> Ahe State has supplied micronutrient supplementation of IFA syrup to I to V <br> class children and IFA capsules to VI to VIII class children. |


| District: 5 | In all 40 schools ( $100 \%$ ) had maintained a Health Card for each child. <br> Yavatmal <br> The annual health check up was found to be conducted in all schools. The <br> State has supplied micronutrient supplementation of IFA syrup to I to V class <br> children and IFA capsules to VI to VIII class children. |
| :--- | :--- |

## 10. STATUS OF COOKS:

| District: $\mathbf{1}$ | According to the new norms cooks and helper were appointed in 26 schools <br> $(66.67 \%)$. In 21 schools a single cook was appointed. It was found that in <br> 13 schools (33.33\%) appointment of cooks and helper was not done as per <br> the norms The cooks and helpers appointed in schools reported that they are <br> getting per month Rs. 1000/- as remuneration for which most of them <br> had opened their saving account. Total of 65 women and 20 males were <br> appointed as cook and helper in the sample schools. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: $\mathbf{2}$ | In all schools, cook cum helper were appointed. The cooks and helpers <br> appointed in 31 schools (73.78\%). It was reported that they are getting per <br> month Rs. 1000/- as remuneration for which they had opened their saving <br> account. None of the schools had paid remuneration to cooks and helpers <br> regularly. Total 59 women and 27 males were appointed as cook and helper <br> in the sample schools. In 10 schools cooks \& helper appointment not made <br> as per norms. |
| District: 3 | It was reported by all schools (100\%) that they have received the new <br> norms. According to the new norms given by the state, cooks helpers were <br> appointed in 16 schools (43.24\%). It was found that in 21 schools (56.76\%) <br> appointment of cooks and helpers were not made as per the norms |
| District: 4 | In 39 schools cook cum helper were appointed by the SMC. In 1 school it <br> was served by SHG members. The cooks and helpers appointed in schools <br> told that they are getting per month Rs. 1000/- as remuneration and in only <br> 5 percent of them had opened their saving account. Total 75 women and 14 <br> male were appointed as cook and helper in all sample schools. In 31 schools <br> cook and helper were appointed according to the state norm. |
| Yavatmal | In all sample schools cook and helper were appointed. In 37 schools a cook <br> and helper both were appointed by the SMC. In 3 schools it was served by <br> SHG members. 14 schools had not followed the norms given by the state. <br> The cook / helper appointed in the school reported that they were getting |


|  | per month Rs.1000/- as remuneration and they had opened their saving <br> account. But none of them had received payment from March 2012 till the <br> day of visit. Total of 73 women and 8 males were appointed as a cook and <br> helper in the sample schools. Most of them (40.74\%) were from OBC <br> community. |
| :--- | :--- |

## 11. INFRASTRUCTURE:

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | 35 schools (89.74\%) had a pucca kitchen shed where as 4 schools $10.26 \%$ <br> of the did not have the pucca kitchen shed cum-store. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | Out of the sample schools 23 schools(62.16\%) had a pucca kitchen shed. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | In all sample schools had the facility of a pucca kitchen shed in the schools. |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | Only 8 sample schools (20\%) had pucca kitchen shed where as 80 percent <br> of the schools did not have the pucca kitchen shed cum-store. Out of the <br> available kitchen shed, 7 (87.5\%) of them were constructed under SSA, 1 <br> (12.5\%) of them was constructed under VEC and Zilla Parishad. |
| District: 5 <br> YavatmalOnly 9 sample schools (22.5\%) had pucca kitchen shed where as 77.5 <br> percent of the schools did not have the pucca kitchen shed cum-store. Out <br> of the available kitchen shed, 7 (87.5\%) of them were constructed under <br> SSA, 1 (12.5\%) of them was constructed under Manav Vikas Mission. |  |

## 12. PUCCA KITCHEN:

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | It was observed that where the kitchen shed was not available the food was <br> cooked unutilized spare classroom in 1 school (2.5\%), open yard in 2 schools <br> $(5.13 \%)$, and cooks home in 1 school (2.5\%). |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | 23 schools (62.16\%) had the kitchen shed. However, the food was cooked in <br> the school verandah in 2 schools (5.4\%), unutilized spare classroom in 6 <br> schools (16.22\%), on open yard in 3 schools (8.11\%), in temporary shed in <br> 1 school (2.7\%) and in cook home in 1 school. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | In 30 schools food was cooked in kitchen shed but in 7 school kitchen shed <br> was not used for cooking. The food was cooked in the unutilized spare <br> classroom in 6 schools (16.22\%) and in 1 school in the temporary shed |


| District: 4 | Only in 8 schools 20 percent of the sample schools had a kitchen shed. <br> Amaravati <br> However, the food was cooked in the school verandah in 4 schools (10\%), <br> unutilized spare classroom in 14 schools (35\%), on open yard in 2 schools <br> $(5 \%)$, cooks home in 04 school (10\%) and in temporary shed in 7 school <br> $(17.5 \%) 1$ in Anganwadi shed and I in teachers quarter. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 5 | Only22.5 percent of schools had a pucca kitchen shed. However, the food <br> was cooked in the school verandah in 6 schools (15\%), unutilized spare <br> Classroom in 8 schools (20\%), temporary shed in 3 schools (7.5\%), open <br> yard in 10 schools (25\%).In 1 school (2.5\%) in the staff quarter and cooks <br> home in 3 school (7.5\%) |

## 13. POTABLE WATER:

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | About 97.43 percent of the schools had portable water for cooking and <br> drinking and only 1 school (Z.P.P.S Devadi) did not have water facility <br> children water from home |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | Almost all schools (93\%) had potable water for cooking and drinking. Only 4 <br> schools did not have their own water source because in the schools hand <br> pump was under repair these schools had arranged to bring water from <br> village. In the school Z.P. School Chikna had hand pump but water contained <br> florid it is harmful to health, hence children bring water from home. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | Potable water for cooking and drinking was available in 97.30percent of the <br> schools and only 1 school had also their own source of water but it was <br> muddy water so school had arranged to carry from other place. |
| District: 4 | 95 percent of the schools had potable water for cooking and drinking. 2.5 <br> percent of the schools had Hand pump in school premises and 92.5 percent <br> of schools had tap water supply which was stored in sintex tank or cement <br> water tank. |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | Most of the schools (85.00\%) percent of the schools had their won source of <br> potable water for cooking and drinking and only 1 school (Z.P. School <br> Jadmoha) did not have potable water for cooking and drinking. |

## 14. UTENSILS:

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | Most of the 30 schools (76.92\%) reported that they had adequate utensils, <br> where as 9 schools reported inadequate utensils |
| :--- | :--- |


| District: 2 <br> Nanded | Most of schools (97.5\%) reported that they had an adequate utensils. only <br> the Z.P. School Kandhar reported an inadequate utensils. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | All sample schools reported that they had adequate utensils for cooking. |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | Most of the schools $37(92.5 \%)$ reported that they had adequate utensils |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | 32 schools (80.00\%) had reported that they had an adequate utensils where <br> as 8 schools (20.00\%) had inadequate utensils. |

## 15. FUEL:

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | Fire wood was used as fuel to prepare the mid- day meal in 36 schools <br> $(92.31 \%)$ and LPG was used in only 3 schools (7.69\%). |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: $\mathbf{2}$ <br> Nanded | Fire wood was used as fuel to prepare the mid-day meal in all 37 schools |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | Fire wood was used as fuel to prepare the mid- day meal in 35 schools <br> $(94.59 \%)$ and LPG was used in only 2 schools |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | Fire wood was used as fuel to prepare the mid-day meal in 39 schools <br> $(97.5 \%)$ and LPG was used in only 1 school (N.P. school Sheghat). |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | In 38 schools (95.00\%) fire wood was used as fuel to prepare the mid- day <br> meal and LPG was used in only 2 schools (5.00\%). |

## 16. SAFETY \& HYGIENE:

| District: 1 | Out of 39 schools, in 14 schools (35.9\%) safety arrangements were good, in <br> Hingoli <br> needs attention. Out of 39 schools in 14 schools ( $35.9 \%)$ hygiene was <br> maintained well, in 23 schools (58.97\%) it was fair and in 2 schools (5.12\%) <br> it was poor. It was observed that there were fire extinguisher in 35 schools. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | In 12 sample schools (32.43\%) safety arrangements were good, in 22 <br> schools (59.46\%) it was fair and in 3 schools (8.11\%) it was poor. Out of 37 <br> schools in 12 schools (32.43\%) hygiene was maintained well, in 12 schools <br> $(32.43 \%)$ it was fair and in 3 schools (8.11\%) it was poor. <br> In 33 schools (89.19\%) students were encouraged to wash their hands <br> before and after eating food. |


| District: 3 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Gadchiroli | Out of 37 schools, in 14 schools (37.84\%) safety arrangements were good, <br> in 22 schools (59.46\%) it was fair and in 1 school (2.70\%) it was poor. Out <br> of 37 schools in 14 schools (37.84\%) hygiene was maintained well, in 22 <br> schools (59..46\%) it was fair and in 1 schools (2.70\%) it was poor. It was <br> observed that in all schools, students were encouraged to wash their hands <br> before and after eating food |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | In 11 schools (27.5\%) safety arrangements were good and in 20 schools <br> $(50 \%)$ it was fair and in 9 schools (22.5\%) it was poor. In 38 schools (95\%) <br> students were encouraged to wash their hands before and after eating food. <br> In all sample schools the cooking process and storage of fuel was safe, not <br> posing any fire hazard. |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | In 2 schools (5\%) safety arrangements were good, in 27 schools (67.5\%) it <br> was fair and in 11 schools (27.5\%) it was poor. In 36 schools (90.0\%), <br> students were encouraged to wash their hands before and after eating food. |

## 17. COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS*:

| District: 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Hingoli | In 39 schools, the parents and 37 SMCs were supervising and monitoring the <br> mid-day meal scheme but the frequency of such supervision was found to be <br> inadequate. No roster was maintained in any of these schools by the <br> community members for supervision of MDM and also teachers were not <br> shown interest about maintaining it. |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | In 37 schools, the parents and SMCs were supervising and monitoring the <br> mid-day meal scheme but the frequency of such supervision was inadequate. <br> No roster was found to be maintained only in 8 schools. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | In 37 schools the parents/ SMCs were supervising and monitoring the mid- <br> day meal scheme but the frequency of such supervision was inadequate. The <br> roster was maintained in 21 schools (56.76\%). |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | In all schools the parents and SMCs were supervising and monitoring the <br> mid-day meal scheme, but the frequency of such supervision was found to <br> be inadequate. |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | Out of 40 schools, in 97.5\% schools the parents and SMCs were supervising <br> and monitoring the mid-day meal scheme but the frequency of such <br> supervision was inadequate. |

## 18. INSPECTION \& SUPERVISION

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | In all schools (100\%) the mid-day meal programme was regularly inspected either by teachers or by headmasters. In 39 schools (100\%) it was inspected by the CRC coordinators and in 28 schools ( $71.8 \%$ ) it was inspected by the Block level officials and in 3 schools were visited by DPO Officials. |
| :---: | :---: |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | Out of 37 schools, in all the mid-day meal programme was inspected regularly either by teachers or by headmasters. It was inspected by the CRCC 36schools (97.3\%) and block level officials in 22 schools (59.46\%), and in 1 school it was also inspected by the district level officials. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | In all schools, the mid-day meal programme was regularly inspected either by teachers or by headmasters. In 20 schools (54.05\%) it was inspected by the Block level officials and in 5 schools (13.51\%) it was inspected by the district level officials. In 36 schools (97.3\%) it was visited by CRC. |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | The mid-day meal programme was inspected regularly either by teachers or by headmasters in all schools. In 36 schools ( $90 \%$ ) it was inspected by the CRC level officials and in 24 schools (60\%) it was inspected by the BRC level officials. |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | In all schools (100\%) the mid-day meal programme was regularly inspected either by teachers or by headmasters. In 31 schools (77.50\%) it was inspected by the CRC coordinators and in 25 schools (62.5\%) it was inspected by the Block level officials. |

## 19. IMPACT

| District: 1 <br> Hingoli | In all 39 schools the mid-day meal programme had helped to improve the <br> attendance. |
| :--- | :--- |
| District: 2 <br> Nanded | In all 37 schools the mid-day meal programme had helped to improve the <br> attendance. |
| District: 3 <br> Gadchiroli | In all 37 schools (100\%) the mid-day meal programme had helped to <br> improve the attendance. |
| District: 4 <br> Amaravati | It was reported that in all 40 schools the mid-day meal programme had <br> helped to improve the attendance. |
| District: 5 <br> Yavatmal | All 40 schools (100\%) reported that the mid-day meal programme had <br> helped to improve the attendance. |

## Chapter 3

Half Yearly Monitoring Report of Mid Day-Meal
For District: 1 Hingoli

| (ii) | Period of the Report | 01-04-2012 to 31-10-2012 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (iv) | Date of visit to the District/Schools | 10-07-2012 to 18-07-2012. |

1. $\quad$ REGULARITY IN SERVING MEAL:

Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was interruption, what was the extent and reasons for the same?
39 schools and 1 KGBV was selected on the basis of the criteria given by the Govt. of India were visited during 10-18 July 2012. The schools in the Hingoli district after summer vacation reopened on $16^{\text {th }}$ June 2012. We had checked the records from beginning of the last year (2011-12) and current academic year(2012-13). Interruption in serving hot cooked meal was found in 20 schools (51.28\%) last year (2011-12).It was observed that some of these schools there was total interruption more than 30 days. Interruption in serving hot cooked meal was found in 8 schools (20.51\%) current year(2012-13)

School wise details are given below for the year 2012-13.

| Sr. <br> No | Name of the school/ <br> village | Interruption | Details |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Z.P School Devgana | 11 days | $16-27$ June 2012 |
| 2 | Z.P School Budhwara | 4 days | $15-18$ June 2012 |
| 3 | Z.P.P.S Dhaulgaon | 12 days | $15-27$ June 2012 |
| 4 | Z.P.P.S wasmat | 15 days | $15-30$ June 2012 |
| 5 | Z.P .P.S Balegaon | 17 days | 15 June-02 July 2012 |
| 6 | Z.P .P.S Khambala | 16 days | 15 June-1 July 2012 |
| 7 | Z.P School Jawahar Wasmat | 5 days | $15-19$ July 2012 |
| 8 | Z.P.P.S Wai | 16 days | 18 June-3 July 2012 |


| 2. | TRENDS: |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Extent of variation (As per school records vis-à-vis actual position/status on the day of visit) |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sr No Details |  |  | Boys | Girls | Tot |
|  | Enrollm |  |  | 4596 | 4302 | 8898 |
|  | 2. ${ }^{\text {2. }}$ No of ch | n opted for Mid | y-Meal | 4596 | 4302 | 8898 |
|  | $3 . \quad$ No. of | en attending the | hool on the day of visit | 3836 | 3785 | 7621 |
|  | 4. No. of | n availing MD | per MDM Register | 3836 | 3785 | 7621 |
|  | 5. ${ }^{4}$ No. of | en actually ava | MDM on the day of vis | 3836 | 3785 | 7621 |
|  | $6 . \quad$ No. of c | en availing MDM | the previous day | 3979 | 3706 | 7782 |
|  | All children enrolled in the school opted for mid-day meal. No variation was found between the number of children availing mid-day meal as per MDM register and actual number of children availing mid-day meal on the day of visit. 85.65 percent of children (Boys $83.46 \%$ \& Girls $87.98 \%$ ) had taken mid-day meal on the day of visit and 87.46 percent of children (Boys $86.57 \%$ \& Girls $86.15 \%$ ) had taken mid-day meal on the previous day of visit. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | REGULARITY IN DELIVERING FOOD GRAINS TO SCHOOL LEVEL: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (i) Is school/implementing agency receiving food grains regularly? If there is delay in delivering food grains, what is the extent of delay and reasons for the same? |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 21 schools (53.85\%) had received food grains regularly and delay in delivering food grains was noticed in 18 schools (46.15\%). <br> Table.3.1 Delay in receiving food grains <br> It can be seen from the table given in the item no. 1, that the only reason causing of interruption in providing mid-day meal was irregularity in supply of food grains. |  |  |  |  |  |








# Social Composition of cooks cum helpers 


11. INFRASTRUCTURE:

## Is a pucca kitchen shed-cum-store:

i) Constructed and in use

35 schools (89.74\%) had a pucca kitchen shed where as $10.26 \%$ of the schools did not have the pucca kitchen shed cum-store.

Table.11.1. Availability of pucca kitchen shed

| Response | No. of schools | $\mathbf{\%}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Yes | 35 | 89.74 |
| No | 04 | 10.26 |

ii) Scheme under which Kitchen sheds constructed -MDM/SSA/Others

Where the kitchen shed was available, 19 (54.29\%) of them were constructed under SSA, 7 (20\%) of them were constructed under Manav Vikas Mission and 9 kitchen sheds were constructed by VEC \& Z.P.

## iii) Constructed but not in use (Reasons for not using)

No such case was found.
iv) Under construction

No such case was found.
v) Sanctioned, but construction not started

No such case was found.

## vi) Not sanctioned

About 10 percent of sample schools had not yet received sanction for constructing pucca kitchen shed cum- store.
vii) Any other (specify)

No such case was found


| 15. | What is the kind of fuel used? (Gas based/firewood etc.) |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | Fire wood was used as fuel to prepare the mid- day meal in 36 schools (92.31\%) <br> and LPG was used in only 3 schools (7.69\%). |



|  | iv. Conservation of water? |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | It was observed in all schools that the children were encouraged to conserve water. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | v. Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | It was observed that in 37 sample schools cooking process and storage of fuel was safe not posing any fire hazard. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS*: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | i) Extent of participation by Parents / VECs / Panchayats / Urban bodies in daily supervision, monitoring, participation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | In 39 schools, parents and 37 SMCs were supervising and monitoring the mid-day meal scheme but the frequency of such supervision was found to be inadequate. It was found that most of the parents and SMC members are farmers and during day time they are busy in the field. Hence, they could not afford to spend time for daily supervision or monitoring. It was found that the overall participation by Parents/VECs/ Panchayats and urban bodies was poor in all schools. <br> Table.17.1. Extent of participation Parents/community |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Parents |  |  | SMC community |  |  |
|  |  | Good | Fair | Poor | Good | Fair | Poor |
|  | Daily supervision | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & (10.26 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 30 \\ & \text { (76.92\%) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \\ & (12.82 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & (10.81 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & (83.78 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2 \\ & (5.40 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Daily monitoring | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & (10.26 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 27 \\ & (69.23 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8 \\ & (20.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & (10.81 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \\ & (81.08 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 \\ & (8.11 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Daily participation | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \\ & (12.82 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12 \\ & (30.77 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 22 \\ & (56.41 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 \\ & (8.11 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $14$ (37.84\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 20 \\ & (54.05 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
|  | ii) Is any roster being maintained by the community members for supervision of the MDM? |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No roster was maintained in any of these schools by the community members for supervision of MDM and also teachers were not shown interest about maintaining it. |  |  |  |  |  |  |




|  | iii) Remarks made by the visiting of officers? if any? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The most common remarks by the visiting officers were "according to the menu mid <br> day meal was prepared and served" " It was reported that dal and rice has been <br> served today", "12 kg and 100 gr rice cooked and served today", "Follow menu", " <br> Masala Bhaat was served today", "Supplementary foods like fruits / biscuits should <br> be given once in a week". But no specific suggestions were given regarding the <br> preparation and its quality. |
| 19. | IMPACT |
|  | Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in <br> school, any improvement in general well being, nutritional status of the <br> children (to be verified from school record, discussion with students, <br> teachers and parents. Is there any other incidental benefit to the children <br> and school due to serving of mid-day-meal by VEC, PRI members? |
|  | All 39 sample schools reported that the mid-day meal programme had helped to <br> improve the attendance. |
| B. | Any other issues relevant to MDM implementation |
|  | MI may give a maximum 2 page note, on any other issues, relevant to <br> MDM implementation, not covered above. |
|  | All issues, relevant to MDM implementation are covered. |

14 (a) School list with DISE code and Criteria visited by MI
District 1: Hingoli

| Sr.No | Name of the school/ Village | Type of school | DISE Code | Criteria |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | Z.P. School Devthana | PS with UPS | 0104401 | b |
| 2 | Z.P. C.P. School S.B. Hingoli | PS with UPS | 0100101 | g |
| 3 | Z.P. School Bhattaswangi Tanda | PS with UPS | 0112901 | C |
| 4 | Z.P. School Shakha - 2 Hingoli | PS | 0100104 | g |
| 5 | Z.P. School Andharwadi | PS | 5501325 | g |
| 6 | Z.P. School Pimparkhed | PS with UPS | 0110101 | I |
| 7 | Z.P. School Ghota | PS with UPS | 0107701 | I |
| 8 | Z.P. School Akoli | PS with UPS | 0301101 | d |
| 9 | Z.P. School Budhwara Basmath | PS | 0300105 | g |
| 10 | Z.P. School Dhaulgaon | PS | 0308501 | i |
| 11 | Z.P.School Rajwadi | PS with UPS | 0305401 | b |
| 12 | Z.P. School Balegaon | PS with UPS | 0311301 | j |
| 13 | Z.P.C.P.S Shakha Basmath | PS with UPS | 3000132 | g |
| 14 | Z.P. School Khambala | PS | 0305301 | h |
| 15 | Javahar Balak Mandir Basmath | PS with UPS | 0300117 | g |
| 16 | Z.P. School Purjal | PS with UPS | 0108201 | j |
| 17 | Z.P.School Jajaldabha | PS with UPS | 0502601 | f |
| 18 | Z.P. School Makodi | PS with UPS | 0200301 | d |
| 19 | Z.P. School Urdawanpenga Kalmnuri | PS with UPS | 0400105 | g |
| 20 | Z.P. School Dongarkada S.K | PS | 0412801 | f |
| 21 | Z.P. School Zunzunwadi | PS | 0413301 | h |
| 22 | Z.P. School Repa | PS | 0208001 | h |
| 23 | Z.P. School Pusegaon | PS with UPS | 0208602 | k |
| 24 | Z.P. School Talani | PS with UPS | 0208801 | j |
| 25 | Z.P. School Vikas Nagar | PS with UPS | 0400104 | g |
| 26 | Ghulam Nabi Azad Urdu School Kalamnuri | PS | 0400108 | G |
| 27 | Z.P. School Ukhali | PS with UPS | 0509001 | D |
| 28 | Z.P. School Lakh | PS | 0504201 | K |
| 29 | Z.P. School Kondhur | PS with UPS | 0406801 | I |
| 30 | Z.P. School Bramhani kh | PS | 0308901 | A |
| 31 | Z.P. School Hiwara Bk | PS with UPS | 0415001 | D |
| 32 | Z.P. School Limbala Tanda | PS with UPS | 0202301 | K |
| 33 | Z.P. School Tandulwadi | PS with UPS | 0204501 | H |
| 34 | Z.P. School Pimpaldari | PS with UPS | 0507601 | B |
| 35 | Z.P. School Devwadi | PS | 5502458 | B |
| 36 | Z.P. School Devala | PS | 0502301 | A |
| 37 | Z.P. School Nalegaon | PS with UPS | 0106701 | I |
| 38 | Z.P. School Wai | PS with UPS | 0414010 | B |
| 39 | Z.P. School Mannas Pimpri | PS with UPS | 0212001 | C |
| 40 | KGBV Hingoli | PS with UPS | 0100141 | M |

## Chapter 4

## Half Yearly Monitoring Report of Mid Day-Meal

## For District: 2 Nanded

| (ii) | Period of the Report | 01-04-2012 to 31-10-2012 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (iv) | Date of visit to the District/Schools | 23-07-2012 to 30-07-2012. |


| 1. | REGULARITY IN SERVING MEAL: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was interruption, what was the extent and reasons for the same? |  |  |  |
| 37 schools and 3 KGBV are selected on the basis of the criteria given by the Govt. of India visited during 23-30 July 2012. The schools in Nanded district after summer vacation reo on $15^{\text {th }}$ of June 2012. We had checked the records from beginning of the last academic $y$ was observed that all schools were serving a hot cooked meal every day except the interr period in 16 schools (43.24\%).Out of these 16 schools there was interruption in 11 schoo year and there was interruption in 9 schools in current year. <br> School wise details are given below. |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sr No | Name of the school/village | Interruption | Details |
|  | 1 | Z P.P.S.Markad | 10 days | 15 to 25 June 2012 |
|  | 2 | Z.P.School Mendka | 9 days | 9 to18 July 2011 |
|  |  |  | 21 days | 11 Nov to 1 Dec 2011 |
|  |  |  | 23 days | 21 Jan to 12 Feb 12 |
|  | 3 | Z.P.P.S.Kharab | 28 days | 15 June to 13July 2011 |
|  |  |  | 10 days | 20 to 30 April 2012 |
|  |  |  | 16 days | 15 June to 30 July 2012 |
|  | 4 | Z.P.P.S. Halegaon | 11 days | 4 to 25 July 2012 |
|  | 5 | Z.P.P.S.Rawangaon | 32 days | 15 June to 17 July 2011 |
|  |  |  | 11 days | 20 to 31 March 2012 |
|  |  |  | 10 days | 15 to 24 June 2012 |
|  | 6 | Z.P.P.S.Takarala | 115 days | 22 Aug to 8 Dec 2011 |
|  | 7 | New Z.P.P.S.Neharu nagar No. 1 | 28 days | 12 Oct to16 Nov 2011 |
|  |  |  | 31 days | 13 Aug to 13 Sept 2011 |
|  |  |  | 9 days | 24 Feb to 5 March 2012 |
|  | 8 | Z.P.C.P.S.Lakhamapur | 5 days | 18 to 21July 2011 |
|  |  |  | 18 days | 17 Nov to 5 Dec 2011 |
|  | 9 | Z.P.P.S.Hadgaon | 10 days | 29 Aug to 8 Sept 2011 |
|  |  |  | 11 days | 1 to 11 March 2012 |
|  |  |  | 27 days | 15 June to 12 July 2012 |
|  | 10 | Z.PC.P.S. Atkali | 716 days | 15 to 30 June 2011 |
|  |  |  | 7 days | 1 to 6 September 2011 |



All children 7050 (Boys 3538 \& Girls 3512) enrolled in the school opted for the mid-day meal. Total 5768 children (Boys 2902 \& Girls 2866) were present on the day of visit. No variation was found between the number of children availing mid-day-meal as per MDM register and actual number of children consumed mid-day meal on the day of visit. 81.82 percent of children had taken mid-day meal on the day of visit and 81.90 percent of children had taken mid-day meal on the previous day from 37 schools.

## 3. REGULARITY IN DELIVERING FOOD GRAINS TO SCHOOL LEVEL:

## (i) Is school/implementing agency receiving food grains regularly? If there is delay in delivering food grains, what is the extent of delay and reasons for the same?

22 schools (59.46\%) had received food grains regularly and delay in delivering food grains was noticed in 15 schools (40.54\%).
Table.3.1. Delay in receiving food grains

| Response | No. of schools | \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Yes | 15 | 40.54 |
| No | 22 | 59.46 |

The only reason causing an interruption in providing mid-day meal was irregularity in supply of food grains, split pulses and condiments. e.g. Zilla Parishad Primary school Takarala had received food grains after 3 months.

|  | (ii) Is buffer stock of one-month's requirement maintained |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | The food grains (rice and split pulses) and condiments are supplied through a centralized agency in all schools. It was observed that the lumpsum stock of two months was supplied at the same time by the agency. But there was no fixed time table of supply of food grains to schools after a gap of $2 / 4$ months food grains were received. |  |  |  |
|  | (iii) Is the quantity of food grain supplied was as per the marked / indicated weight? |  |  |  |
|  | It was observed that the quantity of food grains that was supplied was found to be as per the weight marked on bags in all 37 schools. |  |  |  |
|  | (iv) Is the food grain delivered at the schoo |  |  |  |
|  | All the 36 schools reported that the food grains were delivered at the door step of the school. Except Z.P.P.S. Halegaon due to hilly area food grains are not delivered at door step.Teacher manage to receive food grains from road. |  |  |  |
|  | (v) Is the quality of food grain good? |  |  |  |
|  | It was reported by all schools, SMCs and also observed by the MI that quality of food grain was good. |  |  |  |
| 4. | REGULARITY IN DELIVERING COOKING COST TO SCHOOL LEVE |  |  |  |
|  | (i) Is school/implementing agency receiving cooking cost in advance regularly? If there is delay in delivering cooking cost, what is the extent of delay and reasons for it? |  |  |  |
|  | None of the schools had received cooking cost in advance. It was received after a gap of 4 to 5 months. Up to the last visit of school advance for new academic year i.e. month of June and July was not transferred to the school. Some schools had not received cooking cost for the month of February and March 2012 e.g. Z.P. P.S. Hadgaon had received cooking cost for the month October 2011 to January 2012 in 10 April 2012,Z.P.P.S. Lakhamapur received cooking cost for month of September 2011 - February 2012 in March 2012. It was noticed that though the bills were submitted in time the payment was delayed due to administrative procedure. The concerned authorities should take notice of this and do the needful for regular provision of cooking cost. <br> Table.4.1. Delay in receiving cooking cost |  |  |  |
|  | (ii) In case of delay, how school/implementing agency manages to ensure that there is no disruption in the feeding programme? |  |  |  |
|  | To avoid disruption in feeding programme the school head master or the cook used to purchase vegetables either on credit or spent their own money and ensured the continuity in the mid-day meal programme. |  |  |  |


|  | (iii) Is cooking cost paid by cash or through banking channel? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | The cooking cost was paid through bank in all schools (100.00\%). <br> Table.4.2. Payment of cooking cost |
| 5. | SOCIAL EQUITY: |
|  | i) Did you observe any gender or caste or community discrimination in cooking or serving or seating arrangements? |
|  | In none of the schools, any discrimination with respect to gender, caste or community was observed in cooking or serving or seating arrangement. <br> Table.5.1. Social Equity: Discrimination observed |
|  | ii) What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating? |
|  | It was noticed that in most of the schools $67.57 \%$ the students were used to sit in school verandah or open place in school premises to consume the food and in some schools $32.43 \%$ the children were used to stand in queue to take the meal. <br> MDM: Students used to stand in queue to take meal |





|  | (v) Specify the social Composition of cooks cum helpers? (SC/ ST/ OBC/ Minority) |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | In all sample schools total 59 women and 27 males were appointed as cook and helper. Out of 86 cooks and helpers, 17 (19.77\%) were from SC, 20 (23.26\%) were from ST, 13 (15.12\%) were from VJNT, 12 (13.95\%) were from OBC, 7 ( $8.14 \%$ ) were from Minority category and 17 (19.77\%) was form open community. <br> Social compositiom of Cooks and Helpers |
| 11. | INFRASTRUCTURE: |
|  | Is a pucca kitchen shed-cum-store: |
|  | i) Constructed and in use |
|  | Out of 37 sample schools 23schools(62.16\%) had a pucca kitchen shed.From these 23 kitchenshed 21 are used for the same purpose. But in 2 schools namely Z.P.P.S. Mansakrga and Z.P.CPS.Chikna kitchen sheds are used only as a store room. <br> Table.11.1. Availability of pucca kitchen shed |
|  | ii) Scheme under which Kitchen sheds constructed -MDM/SSA/Others |
|  | 23schools(62.16\%) had a pucca kitchen shed. Kitchen sheds are constructed under SSA 12 kitchen shed, under MDM 8, under Manav Vikas Mishan 2,and 1 kitchen shed was constructed with the help of Gram Panchayat. |


|  | iii) Constructed but not in use (Reasons for not using) |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | 2 schools namely Z.P.P.S. Mansakrga and Z.P.CPS.Chikna kitchen sheds are used only as a <br> store room. |
|  | iv) Under construction |
|  | In 1 school namely Z.P.P.S. Rittha tanda kitchen shed was under construction. |
|  | No such case was found |
|  | vi) Not sanctioned |
| 14 schools had not received a sanction for constructing pucca kitchen shed cum-store. |  |
|  | In case the pucca kitchen shed is not available, where is the food being cooked and <br> where are the food grains /other ingredients being stored. |
|  | It was found that out of the sample schools 14 schools had not the kitchen shed. However, food <br> was cooked in the school verandah in 2 schools (5,4\%), unutilized spare classroom in 6 schools <br> (16.22\%), on open yard in 3 schools (8.11\%), in temporary shed in 1 schools (2.7\%),in cooks <br> home of 1 school. <br> All sample schools lacked storage place for food items. It was seen that the food grains were <br> stored in classroom in 17 schools (45.95\%), school office in 6 schools (16.22\%). unutilized <br> classroom in 8 schools (21.62\%),cooks home in 1 school |


| 13. | Whether potable water is available for cooking and drinking purpose? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Most of all schools ( $92.88 \%$ ) had potable water for cooking and drinking .One school Z.P.P.S. Mathura tanda had taken water from well in 4 school store enough water in vessel and only 3 schools (8.12\%)had not their own source of water. Z.P.P.S. Ambesangavi Rs,30,000/- budget sanctioned from Ziia Parishad for drinking water and Z.P.P.S. Hipparga did not have their own water cook carried water from village well. Z.P.P.S. Chikna had hand pump but it was floaried water it is harmful to health so student bring water bags from home. |
| 14. | Whether utensils are available for cooking food? If, available is it adequate? |
|  | Most of the schools (97.5\%) except Z.P. School Kandhar in Kandhar block reported that they had adequate utensils. |
| 15. | What is the kind of fuel used? (Gas based/firewood etc.) |
|  | Fire wood was used as fuel to prepare the mid-day meal in 37 schools (100 \%) |
| 16. | SAFETY \& HYGIENE: |
|  | i. General Impression of the environment, safety and hygiene: |
|  | Out of 37 schools, in 12 schools (32.43\%) safety arrangements were good, in 22 schools ( $59.46 \%$ ) it was fair and in 3 schools ( $8.11 \%$ ) it was poor, which needs attention. Out of 37 schools in 12 schools (32.43\%) hygiene was maintained well, in 12 schools (59.46\%) it was fair and in 3 schools ( $8.11 \%$ ) it was poor. |
|  | ii. Are children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating |
|  | It was observed in 33 schools (89.19\%) that students were encouraged to wash their hands before and after eating food. |
|  | iii. Do the children take meals in an orderly manner? |
|  | It was observed in all schools that children were taking meals in a disciplined manner. |
|  | iv. Conservation of water? |
|  | It was observed in all schools that children were encouraged to conserve water. |
|  | v. Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |
|  | It was observed that out of 37 schools in 36 schools (97.3\%), the cooking process and storage of fuel was safe, not posing any fire hazard. |


| 17. | COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS*: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | i) Extent of participation by Parents / VECs / Panchayats / Urban bodies in daily supervision, monitoring, participation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | It 37 schools the parents/SMCs were supervising and monitoring the mid-day meal scheme but the frequency of such supervision was inadequate. It was found that most of the parents are farmers and during day time they are busy in the field. Hence, they could not afford to spend time for daily supervision and monitoring. <br> It was found that the overall participation by Parents/VECs/ Panchayats and urban bodies was poor in all schools. <br> Table.17.1. Extent of Parent/community participation (\% schools) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Parents |  |  | SMC com | nity |  |
|  |  | Good | Fair | Poor | Good | Fair | Poor |
|  | Daily supervision | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & (16.22 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 24 \\ (64.86 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 7 \\ (18.92 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 4 \\ (10.81 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & (67.57 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 8 \\ \text { (21.62\%) } \end{array}$ |
|  | Daily monitoring | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \\ & (13.51 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 22 \\ (59.46 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & (27.03 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5 \\ (13.51 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 22 \\ & (59.46 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 10 \\ (27.03 \%) \end{array}$ |
|  | Daily participation | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 8 \\ & (21.62 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \\ & (64.86 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 5 \\ (13.51 \%) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4 \\ & (10.81 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $9$ <br> (24.32\%) | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 24 \\ (64.86 \%) \end{array}$ |
|  | ii) Is any roster being maintained by the community members for supervision of the MDM? |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The roster was found to be maintained in 8 schools by the community members for supervision of MDM but no regularity was noticed and also teachers were not found to be keen about this matter. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | iii) Are the parents/community members aware about the following : |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | a) Quantity of MDM per child at Primary \& upper primary : 12345 (please tick) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total 175 parents and SMC members out of which 113 were males and 61 females interviewed during the school visit. It was found that parents/ community members were not fully aware about the norms and quantity of MDM per child at primary and upper primary level. They only said that their children were getting sufficient food in school. Hence, it requires the orientation of the parents and community members regarding details of the MDM scheme. |  |  |  |  |  |  |


b) Entitlement of quantity and types of nutrients in MDM per child as supplied in the menu :

When we interacted with a total of 175 parents and community members about entitlement of quantity and nutrients in MDM per child. It was found that they were not fully aware about the entitlement of quantity and type of nutrients in MDM per child.



|  | iii) Remarks made by the visiting of officers? if any? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The most common remarks by the visiting officers were "according to the menu mid-day meal <br> was prepared and served" "Rice along with chana potato mixed vegetable was served", <br> "Fruits/ Biscuits should be given once in a week as supplementary", "only food grains were <br> supplied today no split pulses and condiments supplied by the agency", "Today's menu was <br> palak mixed dal and rice". No specific suggestions were given regarding the quantity and its <br> quality. |
| 19. | IMPACT <br>  <br> Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, any <br> improvement in general well being, nutritional status of the children (to be verified <br> frecord, discussion with students, teachers and parents. Is there any <br> other incidental benefit to the children and school due to serving of mid-day-meal by <br> VEC, PRI members? |
| It was reported that in all 37 schools the mid-day meal programme had helped to improve the <br> attendance. The State has provided all necessary documents with instructions to each school <br> pertaining the weight, height, age and other details of the children but the teachers or the <br> headmasters were not found to be serious about maintaining this record. It was found that the <br> inspecting authority also did not pay attention about this matter. However it is difficult to make <br> any statement regarding improvement in general well being or nourishment status of child. |  |
| B. | Any other issues relevant to MDM implementation |
|  | MI may give a maximum $\mathbf{2}$ page note, on any other issues, relevant to MDM <br> implementation, not covered above. |
| All issues, relevant to MDM implementation are covered. |  |

[14 (a) School list with DISE code and Criteria visited by MI
District 2: Nanded

| Sr.No | Name of the school/ Village | Type of school | DISE Code | criteria |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | NWMNP Ambedkar Nagar | PS with UPS | 1701001 | g |
| 2 | NWMNP Leber colony | PS with UPS | 1700501 | g |
| 3 | NWMNP Islampura | PS | 1701401 | g |
| 4 | Z.P. School Markand | PS with UPS | 0104001 | b |
| 5 | Z.P. School Nila | PS with UPS | 0104901 | b |
| 6 | Z.P. School Mendhka | PS with UPS | 0301101 | d |
| 7 | Z.P. School Loni Bk | PS with UPS | 0203001 | a |
| 8 | Z.P. School Kharab | PS | 0205001 | g |
| 9 | Z.P. School Lyahari | PS with UPS | 1308105 | b |
| 10 | Z.P. School Halegaon | PS | 1305812 | h |
| 11 | Z.P.School Ritha Tanda | PS | 1100702 | f |
| 12 | Z.P. School Rawangaon | PS | 1106801 | i |
| 13 | Z.P. School Takrala Bk | PS with UPS | 1407001 | k |
| 14 | Z.P.P.S.N School Nehru Nagar-1 | PS | 1402511 | e |
| 15 | Z.P. School Lakhamapur | PS with UPS | 1604801 | j |
| 16 | Z.P. School Madnapur | PS with UPS | 1605601 | d |
| 17 | Z.P.School New Abadi | PS | 1605702 | g |
| 18 | Z.P. School Gokunda | PS with UPS | 1505501 | g,d |
| 19 | Z.P School Pangri Tanda | PS | 1511901 | K |
| 20 | Z.P. School Mathura Tanda- 1 | PS | 1510102 | H |
| 21 | Z.P. School Bitnal | PS with UPS | 1200702 | I |
| 22 | Z.P. School Dholumri | PS with UPS | 1201501 | C |
| 23 | Z.P. School Chikna | PS with UPS | 1001401 | j,i |
| 24 | Z.P. School Atkali | PS with UPS | 0800601 | I |
| 25 | Z.P.C.P.S Branch Mukhed | PS with UPS | 0611301 | J |
| 26 | Z.P.C.P.S Hipparga | PS with UPS | 0606101 | f |
| 27 | Z.P.C.P.S Ambulga Bk | PS | 0600501 | b |
| 28 | Z.P.C.P.S Naigaon | PS with UPS | 0900111 | g |
| 29 | Z.P. School Daregaon | PS with UPS | 0904101 | i |
| 30 | Z.P. School Tumbarpalli | PS with UPS | 0709101 | e |
| 31 | Z.P. School Man Sakharga | PS | 0705602 | $f$ |
| 32 | Z.P. School Nutan Degloor | PS | 0702205 | g |
| 33 | Z.P. School Ambesangvi | PS with UPS | 0400201 | d |
| 34 | Z.P.C.P.S Malegaon | PS with UPS | 0408801 | k |
| 35 | Z.P. School Digras Kh | PS | 0503201 | e |
| 36 | Z.P.C.P.S Kandhar | PS | 0506301 | g |
| 37 | Z.P.C.P.S Rui | PS with UPS | 0511401 | b |
| 38 | KGBV Biloli | PS with UPS | 0801512 | m |
| 39 | KGBV Dharmabad | PS with UPS | 1001913 | m |
| 40 | KGBV Mudhkhed | PS with UPS | 0300116 | m |

## Chapter 5

## Half Yearly Monitoring Report of Mid Day-Meal

## For District: 3 Gadchiroli

| (ii) | Period of the Report | $01-04-2012$ to 31-10-2012 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (iv) | Date of visit to the District/Schools | $06-08-2012$ to 13-08-2012. |


#### Abstract

1. $\quad$ REGULARITY IN SERVING MEAL:

Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was interruption, what was the extent and reasons for the same? MI had visited all 40schools out it 37 schools and 3 KGBVs were selected on the basis of the criteria given by the Govt. of India were visited during 06-13 August 2012. The schools in the Gadchiroli district after summer vacation reopened on $15^{\text {th }}$ June 2012, we had checked the records from beginning of the academic year. It was observed that all schools were serving a hot cooked meal every day except the interruption period in 4 schools. School wise details are given below.


| Sr. <br> No | Name of the school/ village | Interruption | Details |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Z.P. School Yella | 23 days | 17 July-10 Aug 2012 |
| 2 | Z.P. School Ghot | 6 days | $22-27$ July 2012 |
| 3 | Z.P. School Ganpur (Rai) | 28 days | 7 July-5 Aug 2012 |
| 4 | Z.P. School Chintalprth | 26 days | 26 June-19 July 2012 |

2. TRENDS:

Extent of variation (As per school records vis-à-vis actual position/status on the day of visit)

| Sr No | Details | Boys | Girls | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Enrollment | 2998 | 3217 | 6215 |
| 2. | No of children opted for Mid-day-Meal | 2998 | 3217 | 6215 |
| 3. | No. of children attending the school on the day of visit | 2715 | 2923 | 5638 |
| 4. | No. of children availing MDM as per MDM Register | 2715 | 2923 | 5638 |
| 5. | No. of children actually availing MDM on the day of visit | 2715 | 2923 | 5638 |
| 6. | No. of children availing MDM on the previous day | 2684 | 2628 | 5312 |

All Total children 6215 (Boys 2998 \& Girls 3217) enrolled in the school opted for mid-day meal. Total 5638 children (Boys 2715 \& Girls 2923) were present on the day of visit. No variation was found between the number of children availing mid-day meal as per MDM register and actual number of children availed mid-day meal on the day of visit. 90.92 percent of children had taken mid-day meal on the day of visit and 85.47 percent of children had taken mid-day meal on the previous day.



## 5. SOCIAL EQUITY:

i) Did you observe any gender or caste or community discrimination in cooking or serving or seating arrangements?
In none of the schools any discrimination with respect to gender, caste or community was observed in cooking or serving and seating arrangement.

Table.5.1. Social Equity: Discrimination observed

|  | No of schools | Yes | $\%$ | No | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooking | 37 | 00 | 00 | 37 | 100 |
| Serving | 37 | 00 | 00 | 37 | 100 |
| Sitting | 37 | 00 | 00 | 37 | 100 |



MDM: No discrimination of any type observed

## ii) What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating?

It was noticed that in most of the schools the children used to sit in school verandah or in classroom to consume the food. It was observed that in few schools (24.32\%) the students were used to stand in queue to take the meal.
6. VARIETY OF MENU:
i) Has the school displayed its weekly menu at a place noticeable to community, and is it able to adhere to the menu displayed?
It was found that in 18 schools (48.65\%) had displayed a menu at the place noticeable to community. In 11 schools (29.73\%) it was inside the school office and in 5 schools inside kitchen shed(13.52).

Table.6.1. Display of menu at a noticeable place

| Response | No. of schools | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Yes | 18 | 48.65 |
| No | 19 | 51.35 |


|  | ii) Who decides the menu? |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | The State has given 4 different menues to all districts, suggesting them to select one of it for their district. The authority to select the menu was given to the committee constituted under the chairmanship of the District Chief Executive Officer. The menu decided by the committee was followed by all schools in the respective district. |  |  |
| 7. | VARIETY OF FOOD |  |  |
|  | (i) Is there variety in the food served or is the same type of food served daily? |  |  |
|  | In all 37 schools a variety in the food preparation as given in the prescribed menu was found. The seasonal vegetables were found to be used in mid-day meal. |  |  |
|  | (ii) Dose the daily menu include rice / wheat preparation, dal and vegetables? |  |  |
|  | It was noticed that daily menu was mainly rice preparation along with dal and mung or gram curry on every alternate day, as given in the prescribed menu. |  |  |
| 8. | QUALITY \& QUANTITY OF MEAL : |  |  |
|  | Feedback from children on |  |  |
|  | a) Quality of meal: |  |  |
|  | In 32 schools (86.49\%) quality of food was found to be good. In 4 schools (10.81\%) it was average and in 1 school it was poor. <br> Table.8.1. Quality of meal (\% of schools) |  |  |
|  |  | No. of schools | \% |
|  | Good | 32 | 86.49 |
|  | Average | 04 | 10.81 |
|  | Poor | 01 | 2.70 |
|  | b) Quantity of meal: |  |  |
|  | In all schools the quantity of food was found to be sufficient. <br> Table.8.2. Quantity of meal (\% of schools) |  |  |
|  |  | No. of schools | \% |
|  | Sufficient | 37 | 100 |
|  | less | 00 | 00 |
|  | c) \{If children were not happy, please give reasons and suggestions to improve.\} |  |  |
|  | A positive feedback was given by the children regarding quality and quantity of food. They were found happy with it in all schools except Samuh Nivasi school Bhamragad. |  |  |


| 9. | SUPPLEMENTARY: |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | (i) Is there school Health Card maintained for each child? |
|  | Except the school, Samuha Nivasi School Bhamaraga, all dschools had maintained a Health Card for each child. <br> Table.9.1. Availability of Health card |
|  | (ii) What is the frequency of health check-up? |
|  | The annual health check up was found to be conducted in all schools except the school, Samuha Nivasi School Bhamaraga. |
|  | (iii) Whether children are given micronutrients (Iron, folic acid, vitamin- A dosage) and de-worming medicine periodically? |
|  | In all school as per the guidelines given in April 2010 by the Govt of India, the State has supplied micronutrient supplementation of IFA syrup to the I to V class children and IFA capsules to the VI to VIII class children except in 5 schools in all schools had provided medicine. |
|  | (iv) Who administers these medicines and at what frequency? |
|  | The Block Resource Center has supplied these medicines and school had given thes medicines according to the instructions given by the district/ state. |
| 10 | STATUS OF COOKS: |
|  | (i) Who cooks and serves the meal? (Cook cum helper appointed by the Department/VEC/PRI/Self Help Group/ NGO/Contractor) |
|  | In all sample schools cook cum helper were appointed. In all schools cooks and helper were appointed by the SMC. The food was served by cooks and helpers. |



|  | (v) Specify the social Composition of cooks cum helpers? (SC/ ST/ OBC/ Minority) |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | In all sample schools total 64 cooks and helpers were appointed. Out of 64 cooks 4 (6.25\%) were from SC, 24 (37.5\%) were from ST, 7 (10.94\%) were from VJNT, 17 (26.56\%) were from OBC, 10 ( $15.62 \%$ ) were from open category and 2 ( $3.13 \%$ ) was from minority community. <br> Social composition of Cooks and Helpers |
| 11. | INFRASTRUCTURE: |
|  | Is a pucca kitchen shed-cum-store: |
|  | i) Constructed and in use |
|  | In all sample schools had the facility of a pucca kitchen shed in the schools. <br> Table.11.1. Availability of pucca kitchen shed |
|  | ii) Scheme under which Kitchen sheds constructed -MDM/SSA/Others |
|  | Out of 37 schools in 33 schools had kitchen shed under SSA scheme and 4schools have under Manavvikas mission. |
|  | iii) Constructed but not in use (Reasons for not using) |
|  | In all sample school have kitchen shed but in 7 school it was not in use.In N.P. Nehrunagar school Gadchiroli,Z.P. school Koregaon chop it is used as store room.In Z.P.school Ganpur ,Z.P.school Chintalpeth and Z.P.school Wadsar juni it was not in use due to it is small.In Z.P. school Kurud it was not in use due to smoke and in Z.P.school Ghot due to roof leakage it was not in use. |



| 13. | W |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | Potable water for cooking and drinking was available in 97.30percent of the schools and only 1 school had also their own source of water but it muddy water so school had arranged to carry from other place. |
| 14. | Whether utensils are available for cooking food? If, available is it adequate? |
|  | All sample schools reported that they had adequate utensils for cooking. |
| 15. | What is the kind of fuel used? (Gas based/firewood etc.) |
|  | Fire wood was used as fuel to prepare the mid- day meal in 35 schools (94.59\%) and LPG was used in only 2 schools (5.41\%). |
| 16. | SAFETY \& HYGIENE: |
|  | i. General Impression of the environment, safety and hygiene: |
|  | Out of 37 schools, in 14 schools (37.84\%) safety arrangements were good, in 22 schools ( $59.46 \%$ ) it was fair and in 1 schools ( $2.70 \%$ ) it was poor, which needs attention. Out of 37 schools in 14 schools (37.84\%) hygiene was maintained well, in 22 schools ( $59 . .46 \%$ ) it was fair and in 1 schools ( $2.70 \%$ ) it was poor. |
|  | ii. Are children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating |
|  | It was observed that in all schools, students were encouraged to wash their hands before and after eating food. |
|  | iii. Do the children take meals in an orderly manner? |
|  | It was observed in all schools that the children were taking meals in a disciplined manner. |
|  | iv. Conservation of water? |
|  | It was observed in all schools that the children were encouraged to conserve water. |
|  | v. Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |
|  | It was observed that out of 37 schools in 30 schools ( $81.08 \%$ ) the cooking process and storage of fuel was safe, not posing any fire hazard. |
| 17. | COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS*: |
|  | i) Extent of participation by Parents / VECs / Panchayats / Urban bodies in daily supervision, monitoring, participation. |
|  | Out of 37 schools, in 27 schools (72.97\%) the parents/ SMCs were supervising and monitoring the mid-day meal scheme but the frequency of such supervision was inadequate. It was found that most of the parents are farmers and during day time they are busy in the field. Hence, they could not afford to spend time for daily supervision or monitoring. It was found that the overall participation by Parents/VECs/ Panchayats and urban bodies was poor in all schools. |

Table.17.1. Extent of participation Parents/community

|  | Parents |  |  | Sood | Fair | Poor |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Good | Good | Fair | Poor |  |  |
| Daily supervision | 4 | 22 | 11 | 6 | 22 | 9 |
|  | $(10.81 \%)$ | $(59.46 \%)$ | $(29.73 \%)$ | $(16.22 \%)$ | $(59.46 \%)$ | $(24.32 \%)$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Daily monitoring | 4 | 15 | 18 | 5 | 15 | 17 |
|  | $(10.81 \%)$ | $(40.54 \%)$ | $(48.65 \%)$ | $(13.51)$ | $(40.54 \%)$ | $(45.95 \%)$ |
| Daily participation | 9 | 8 | 20 | 4 | 13 | 20 |
|  | $(24.32 \%)$ | $(21.62 \%)$ | $(54,05 \%)$ | $(10.81 \%)$ | $(35.15 \%)$ | $(54.05 \%)$ |

ii) Is any roster being maintained by the community members for supervision of the MDM?
The roster was found to be maintained in 21 schools (56.76\%) by the community members for supervision of MDM, but no regularity was noticed.

## iii) Are the parents/community members aware about the following :

a) Quantity of MDM per child at Primary \& upper primary : 12345 (please tick)
Total 137 Parents and SMC members out of which 79 were males and 58 were females interviewed during the school visit. It was found that parents and community members were not fully aware about the quantity of MDM as 100 gram and 150 gram for primary and upper primary respectively. They responded that their children were getting food in school. Hence, it is necessary to orient the parents and community regarding details of the MDM scheme and their involvement in implementation of MDM scheme.



## iv) Source of awareness about the MDM scheme:

The discussion with parents and community members revealed that teachers were the main source of awareness of parents and community members regarding MDM scheme.

Table.17.4 MDM: Sources of awareness

| Sr. No | Source | Yes | $\%$ | No | $\%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | Newspaper/ Magazine | 03 | 8.11 | 33 | 89.19 |
| 2 | Villagers/Friends/Relatives | 7 | 18.92 | 30 | 81.08 |
| 3 | Teacher | 37 | 100 | 00 | 00 |
| 4 | School (where the child is <br> studying) | 35 | 94.6 | 02 | 5.40 |
| 5 | Radio | 00 | 00 | 37 | 100 |
| 6 | Television | 00 | 00 | 37 | 100 |
| 7 | Website | 00 | 00 | 37 | 100 |
| 8 | Any other | 00 | 00 | 37 | 100 |

18. INSPECTION \& SUPERVISION
i) Has the mid day meal programme been inspected by any state / district / block level officers/officials?
In all schools, the mid-day meal programme was regularly inspected either by teachers or by headmasters and CRCC in 36 schools. In 20 schools (54.05\%) it was inspected by the Block level officials and in 5 schools ( $13.51 \%$ ) it was inspected by the district level officials. But State level inspection was not found to be conducted in any school.

|  | Table.18.1 MDM: Inspection and Supervision |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sr. No |  | Yes | \% | No | \% |
|  | 1 | State level officers/officials | 00 | 00 | 37 | 100 |
|  | 2 | District level officers/officials | 5 | 13.51 | 32 | 86.49 |
|  | 3 | Block level officers/officials | 20 | 54.05 | 17 | 45.95 |
|  | 4 | Cluster level officers/officials | 36 | 97.3 | 1 | 2.7 |
|  | ii) The frequency of such inspections? |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The frequency of inspection by Block level officials was monthly in 2 schools, bimonthly in 3 schools, half yearly in 5 schools and yearly in 6 schools. The frequency of CRC level official was fortnightly in 7 schools (18.92\%), monthly in 17 schools (45.95\%) and bimonthly in 3 schools ( $8.11 \%$ ), quarterly in 8 schools (21.62\%)and yearly in 1 school(2.7\%). |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | iii) Remarks made by the visiting of officers? if an |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | The most common remarks by the visiting others were "according to the menu mid day meal was prepared and served." "Khichadi was prepared and served", "Rice and mung curry served today". No specific suggestions were given regarding the preparation and its quality. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. | IMPACT |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in school, any improvement in general well being, nutritional status of the children (to be verified from school record, discussion with students, teachers and parents. Is there any other incidental benefit to the children and school due to serving of mid-day-meal by VEC, PRI members? |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | All 37 schools (100\%) reported that the mid-day meal programme had helped to improve the attendance. It was found that the State has provided all necessary documents with instructions to each school pertaining the weight, height, age and other details of the children but the teachers or the headmasters were not found to be serious about maintaining this record. Even the inspecting authority did not pay attention to this matter. However it is difficult to make any statement regarding general well being or nourishment status of the children. |  |  |  |  |  |
| B. | Any other issues relevant to MDM implementation |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | MI may give a maximum 2 page note, on any other issues, relevant to MDM implementation, not covered above. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | All issues, relevant to MDM implementation are covered. |  |  |  |  |  |

[14 (a) School list with DISE code and Criteria visited by MI District 3: Gadchiroli

| Sr.No | Name of the school/ Village | Type of school | DISE Code | criteria |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | N. P Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar School Complex Gadchiroli | PS with UPS | 0104601 | g |
| 2 | N.P.Vir Baburao Shedmake School Visapur | PS with UPS | 0105101 | g |
| 3 | N.P.Javaharlal Neharu School Ram Nagar | PS with UPS | 0105410 | g |
| 4 | N.P.Indira Gandhi School Indira Gandhi Nagar | PS | 0105409 | g |
| 5 | N.P.Savitribai Fule School Gokul Nagar | PS | 0105409 | g |
| 6 | Z.P. School Chandala | PS with UPS | 0108301 | b |
| 7 | Z.P. School Yevali | PS with UPS | 0100101 | a |
| 8 | Z.P.C.P.S School Dhanora | PS | 0415001 | I |
| 9 | Z.P. School Naroti Chek | PS | 0205301 | a |
| 10 | Z.P. School Nagarvahi | PS | 0208801 | h |
| 11 | Z.P.School Vasala | PS | 0203501 | e |
| 12 | Z.P. School Shankar Nagar | PS with UPS | 0201201 | a |
| 13 | Z.P. School Koregaon Rangi | PS with UPS | 0205501 | d |
| 14 | Z.P. School Darli | PS | 0205101 | a |
| 15 | N.P. School Bhagatsing Ward Desaiganj | PS | 1203204 | g |
| 16 | N.P.Girls School Desaiganj | PS | 1203202 | g |
| 17 | N.P. School Wadasa (Juni) | PS with UPS | 1203301 | g |
| 18 | Z.P. School Navin Ladaj | PS | 1203601 | f |
| 19 | Z.P School Navin Kurud Mule | PS | 1202101 | d |
| 20 | Z.P. School Koregaon | PS | 1200601 | d |
| 21 | Z.P. School Gothangaon | PS with UPS | 0303201 | d |
| 22 | Z.P. School Bori | PS with UPS | 0613604 | $f$ |
| 23 | Z.P. School Malewada | PS with UPS | 0304201 | i |
| 24 | Z.P. School Purada | PS with UPS | 0306701 | k |
| 25 | Z.P. School Andhali | PS with UPS | 0300201 | j |
| 26 | Z.P. School Chintalpeth | PS with UPS | 0300201 | j |
| 27 | Z.P. School Lakhamapur Bori | PS with UPS | 0510701 | j |
| 28 | Z.P. School Gouripur | PS with UPS | 0518401 | k |
| 29 | Z.P. School Ganpur Rai | PS with UPS | 0513101 | a |
| 30 | Z.P. School Kurud | PS with UPS | 0512901 | d |
| 31 | Z.P. School Pettala Mal | PS with UPS | 0509101 | j |
| 32 | Z.P. School Gandhi Nagar | PS with UPS | 0903001 | k |
| 33 | Z.P. School Yella | PS with UPS | 0901501 | f |
| 34 | Z.P. School Mulchera | PS with UPS | 0903701 | c |
| 35 | Z.P. School Koparalli | PS with UPS | 0903201 | c |
| 36 | Z.P.School Lagam | PS with UPS | 0900901 | f |
| 37 | Z.P.School Sahmuh Nivasi Bhamragad | PS with UPS | 1100201 | c |
| 38 | KGBV Dhanora | PS with UPS | 0415005 | m |
| 39 | KGBV Aheri | PS with UPS | 0607102 | m |
| 40 | KGBV Bhamragad | PS with UPS | 1100206 | m |

## Chapter 6

## Half Yearly Monitoring Report of Mid Day-Meal

## For District: 4 Amaravati




| 4. | REGULARITY IN DELIVERING COOKING COST TO SCHOOL LEVEL: |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | (i) Is school/implementing agency receiving cooking cost in advance regularly? If there is delay in delivering cooking cost, what is the extent of delay and reasons for it? |
|  | None of the schools had received cooking cost regularly. It was received after a gap of 2/4 months. It was noticed that 7 schools out of 40 schools received cooking cost of February \& March 2012, in May 2012, 7 schools received cooking cost of February \& March 2012, in April 2012, 4 schools received cooking cost of February \& March 2012,in June 2012, 1 school received cooking cost of February \& March 2012, in July 2012 and 3 schools received cooking cost of February \& March 2012,in August 2012,In 1 school cooking received for the month of Dec. 2011 to March 2012 in the month of May 2012 ,and in 4 school for the month of Jan. to March 2012 in June 2012 . All schools reported that though the bills were submitted in time. The payment was delayed due to administrative procedure. The concerned authorities should take notice of this and do the needful for regular provision of cooking cost. <br> Table.4.1. Delay in receiving cooking cost |
|  | (ii) In case of delay, how school/implementing agency manages to ensure that there is no disruption in the feeding programme? |
|  | To avoid disruption in feeding programme the school head master or the cook were found to purchase vegetables either on credit or spent their own money. Sometime the cook herself managed to buy things such as firewood and vegetables etc on credit and ensured the continuity in the mid day-meal programme. |
|  | (iii) Is cooking cost paid by cash or through banking channel? |
|  | The cooking cost was paid through bank in all schools (100\%). <br> Table.4.2. Payment of cooking cost |




|  | (ii) Dose the daily menu include rice / wheat preparation, dal and vegetables? |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | It was noticed that daily menu was mainly rice preparation along with dal or curry on every alternate day, as given in the prescribed menu. The seasonal green vegetables, mostly potato and tomato were found to be used in mid-day meal. |
| 8. | QUALITY \& QUANTITY OF MEAL : |
|  | Feedback from children on |
|  | a) Quality of meal: |
|  | In 24 schools (60\%) quality of food was found good. In 15 schools (37.5\%) it was average, in 1 school it was poor (Z.P. school Tivasa) <br> Table.8.1. Quality of meal (\% of schools) |
|  | b) Quantity of meal: |
|  | In all sample schools the quantity of food was found to be sufficient as per the need of children. <br> Table.8.2. Quantity of meal (\% of schools) |
|  | c) \{If children were not happy, please give reasons and suggestions to improve.\} |
|  | In all schools, children gave positive feedback about the food and they were found to be happy with it. <br> MDM: Plates provided by the state |

## 9. SUPPLEMENTARY:

## (i) Is there school Health Card maintained for each child?

Out of 40 schools, 39 schools ( $97.5 \%$ ) had maintained a Health Card for each child. Table.9.1. Availability of Health card

| Response | No. of schools | \% |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Yes | 39 | 97.5 |
| No | 01 | 2.5 |

## (ii) What is the frequency of health check-up?

The annual health check up was found to be conducted in all schools.
(iii) Whether children are given micronutrients (Iron, folic acid, vitamin- A dosage) and de-worming medicine periodically?
As per the guidelines given in April 2010 by the Govt of India, the State has supplied micronutrient supplementation of IFA syrup to the I to V class children and IFA capsules to VI to VIII class children.
(iv) Who administers these medicines and at what frequency?

The Block Resource Center has supplied these medicines and the school had given these medicines according to the instructions given by the district / state.
10. STATUS OF COOKS:

## (i) Who cooks and serves the meal? (Cook cum helper appointed by the Department/VEC/PRI/Self Help Group/ NGO/Contractor)

In all schools cook and helper were appointed. In 39 schools (97.5\%) cook and helper appointed by the SMC cooked and served the meal and in 1 school (2.5\%) it was served by the SHG member.
(ii) Is the number of cooks and helpers engaged in the school as per GOI norms?
As per the norms given by the State the cook and helper were appointed in 31 schools (77.5\%). It was found that in 9 schools (27.5\%) appointments of cooks and helper were not done as per the norms, and these schools were

| Sr. <br> No | Name of the school/village | Children <br> opted <br> for MDM | No. of cook cum <br> helper appointed |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | N.P. School No13 Khaparashi | 384 | 1 |
| 2 | Z.P. School Bhankheda Kh. | 221 | 2 |
| 3 | N.P. School No 4 Sheghat | 209 | 1 |
| 4 | Z.P. School Tembhurkheda | 443 | 3 |
| 5 | Z.P. School Paratwada | 662 | 3 |
| 6 | N.P. Urdu School <br> Chandurbazar | 451 | 3 |
| 7 | Z.P. School Wadner Gangai | 367 | 2 |
| 8 | Z.P. School Chinchona | 156 | 1 |
| 9 | Z.P. School Chincholi | 90 | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |


| (iii) What is remuneration paid to cooks cum helpers and mode of payment? |
| :---: |
| The cooks and helpers appointed in schools told that they are getting per month Rs. 1000/- as remuneration. In only 2 schools they received remuneration through cheque. In 38 schools mode of payment to cooks was paid in cash. |
| (iv) Is the remuneration paid to cooks cum helpers regularly? |
| None of the schools had paid remuneration to cooks and helpers regularly. Because the grant was not released in time from the block / district office. In most of the schools the remuneration for the month February to March 2012 received in April in 7 schools, May in 7 schools, June in 4 schools, A ugust in 3 schools. Z.P. School Pusla (Mule) remuneration for the month of October 2011 to February received on $19^{\text {th }}$ April 2012. |
| (v) Specify the social Composition of cooks cum helpers? (SC/ST/OBC/Minority) |
| In all sample schools total 75 women and 14 men cook and helper were appointed. Out of total 89 cook and helper 18 (20.22\%) were from SC community, 21 (23.60\%) were from ST, 13 ( $14.61 \%$ ) were from VJNT, 33 ( $37.08 \%$ ) were from OBC, 3 ( $3.37 \%$ ) were from Minority community and 1 (1.12\%) from general category. |
| Social composition of Cooks and Helpers |




| 16. | SAFETY \& HYGIENE: |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | i. General Impression of the environment, safety and hygiene: |
|  | Out of 40 schools, in 11 schools (27.5\%) safety arrangements were good,in 20 schools it was fair. Out of 40 schools in 9 schools (22.5\%) hygiene was maintained well, in 24 schools ( $70 \%$ ) it was fair and in 7 schools it was poor. |
|  | ii. Are children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating |
|  | It was observed that in 34 schools ( $85 \%$ ), students were encouraged to wash their hands before and after eating food where as in 6 schools students were not encouraged to do so. <br> Children encouraged to wash hands before and after eating food |
|  | iii. Do the children take meals in an orderly manner? |
|  | Most of in all schools the children were taking meals in a disciplined manner.Z.P. School Shivara most of children took their food at home. Z.P. School Karanjkheda children were not present at school any time they come and took food no discipline was observed. |
|  | iv. Conservation of water? |
|  | It was observed that in 37 schools ( $92.5 \%$ ) the children were encouraged to conserve water. Where as in 3 schools students were not encouragement was given to save water. |
|  | v. Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |
|  | It was observed that in all sample schools the cooking process and storage of fuel was safe, not posing any fire hazard. Fire extinguishers were available in 36 schools and most of them (72\%) were found in working condition. |

17. COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS*:
i) Extent of participation by Parents / VECs / Panchayats / Urban bodies in daily supervision, monitoring, participation.

The parents and SMCs were supervising and monitoring the mid-day meal scheme in 95 percent of schools but the frequency of such supervision was found to be inadequate. The reason is that most of the parents are either farmers or farm workers and during day time they are busy in the field. Hence, they could not afford to spend time for daily supervision and monitoring.

It was found that the overall participation by Parents, SMCs, Panchayats and urban bodies was negligible in all schools.

Table.17.1. Extent of participation Parents/community (\% schools)

|  | Parents |  |  | SMC community |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Good | Fair | Poor | Good | Fair | Poor |
| Daily supervision | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & (10 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 24 \\ & (60 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 12 \\ & (30 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \\ & (12.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 21 \\ & (52.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $14$ (35\%) |
| Daily monitoring | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & (12.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 18 <br> (45\%) | $17$ <br> (42.5\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 4 \\ & (10 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $20$ (50\%) | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 16 \\ & (40 \%) \end{aligned}$ |
| Daily participation | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 5 \\ & (12.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 20 \\ & (50 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 15 \\ & (37.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 3 \\ & (7.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline 13 \\ & (32.5 \%) \end{aligned}$ | 24 (60\%) |

ii) Is any roster being maintained by the community members for supervision of the MDM?

No roster was maintained in any school by the community members for supervision of MDM and also teachers were not found to be keen about this matter.
iii) Are the parents/ community members aware about the following :

## a) Quantity of MDM per child at Primary \& upper primary : 12345 (please tick)

Total 155 parent and SMC members out of which 88 were males and 67 were females were interviewed during the school visit. It was found that very few parents/ community members were aware about the quantity ( $100 \mathrm{gr} / 150 \mathrm{gr}$ ) of MDM per child at primary and upper primary level. They only said that their children were getting, sufficient food in school. Hence, it is necessary to orient the parents and community members regarding the details of MDM scheme.



|  | iii) Remarks made by the visiting of officers? if any? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The most common remark by the visiting officers was "according to the menu mid-day <br> meal was prepared and served" No specific suggestions were given regarding the <br> preparation and its quality. |
| 19. | IMPACT |
|  | Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in <br> school, any improvement in general well being, nutritional status of the <br> children (to be verified from school record, discussion with students, teachers <br> and parents. Is there any other incidental benefit to the children and school due <br> to serving of mid-day-meal by VEC, PRI members? |
|  | It was reported that in all 40 schools the mid-day meal programme had helped to improve <br> the attendance. |
| B. | Any other issues relevant to MDM implementation |
|  | MI may give a maximum 2 page note, on any other issues, relevant to MDM <br> implementation, not covered above. |
|  | All issues, relevant to MDM implementation are covered. |

## [14 (a) School list with DISE code and Criteria visited by MI

District 4: Amravati

| Sr.No | Name of the school/ Village | Type of school | DISE Code | criteria |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | MNP Girl School No. 1 Bhaji Bazar | PS | 1506403 | g |
| 2 | MNP School Rahatgaon | PS with UPS | 1500303 | g |
| 3 | MNP Marathi School No. 13 Chaparshipura | PS with UPS | 1500401 | g |
| 4 | Z.P. School Bhankhed (Kh) | PS with UPS | 0202001 | f,e |
| 5 | Z.P. School Ukupati | PS with UPS | 0905901 | d,k |
| 6 | Z.P. School Khamda | PS | 0910101 | h |
| 7 | Z.P. School Ranipisa | PS with UPS | 0915001 | k, d |
| 8 | Z.P. School Jamgaon (M) | PS with UPS | 1409701 | b |
| 9 | N.P. School No-4 Shendur Ghat | PS with UPS | 1410605 | g |
| 10 | Z.P. School Pusala (Mule) | PS with UPS | 1409301 | d,e |
| 11 | Z.P. School Tembhurkheda | PS with UPS | 1407701 | j |
| 12 | Z.P. School Khongada | PS | 0614401 | a |
| 13 | Z.P. School Karanjkheda | PS | 0607201 | i |
| 14 | Z.P. School Chikhali | PS with UPS | 0604101 | j, e |
| 15 | Z.P. School Morshi | PS with UPS | 1108711 | a |
| 16 | Z.P. School Vichori | PS with UPS | 1104401 | d |
| 17 | N.P. School No. 2 Morshi | PS with UPS | 1108702 | g |
| 18 | Z.P. School Pimpri | PS with UPS | 1102101 | b |
| 19 | Z.P. School Dhamangaon Gadhi | PS with UPS | 0109301 | j |
| 20 | Z.P. School Malhara | PS with UPS | 0112501 | k |
| 21 | N.P. Urdu School | PS with UPS | 0115013 | 1 |
| 22 | Z.P. School Sambhora | PS | 0508301 | b |
| 23 | N.P. Marathi School No. 1 Chandur Bazar | PS | 0509404 | g |
| 24 | N.P. Urdu School No. 1 Chandur Bazar | PS | 0509406 | I |
| 25 | Z.P. School Ratnapur Pohi | PS | 0303702 | e |
| 26 | N.P. Marathi School No. 3 Anjangaon Surji | PS | 0306803 | g,e |
| 27 | Z.P. School Wadala Ghatkheda | PS | 0401701 | h |
| 28 | Z.P. School Checharwadi | PS | 0406301 | k |
| 29 | Z.P. School Samda | PS with UPS | 0806901 | b |
| 30 | Z.P. School Wadnergangai | PS with UPS | 0809301 | j |
| 31 | Z.P. School Lohgaon | PS with UPS | 1208601 | a |
| 32 | Z.P. School Shivra | PS with UPS | 1210701 | b |
| 33 | Z.P. School Chinchona | PS | 0301101 | f |
| 34 | Z.P. School Jawala | PS with UPS | 0707601 | 1 |
| 35 | N.P.School Chandur Rly | PS | 0701004 | g |
| 36 | Z.P. School Baggi | PS with UPS | 0704001 | k |
| 37 | Z.P. School Shirajgaon | PS with UPS | 1304001 | d |
| 38 | Z.P. School Bhivapur | PS with UPS | 1304501 | j |
| 39 | Z.P. School Chincholi | PS with UPS | 1003301 | b |
| 40 | Z.P. School Jalgaon Arvi | PS | 1006801 | C |

## Chapter 7

## Half Yearly Monitoring Report of Mid Day-Meal

For District: 5 Yavatmal

| (ii) | Period of the Report | $01-04-2012$ to 31-10-2012 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| (iv) | Date of visit to the District/Schools | $03-09-2012$ to 08-09-2012. |


| 1. | REGULARITY IN SERVING MEAL: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Whether the school is serving hot cooked meal daily? If there was interruption, what was the extent and reasons for the same? |  |  |  |
| 40 schools selected on the basis of the criteria given by the Govt. of India were during 03-08 September 2012. The schools in Yavatmal district after summer vac reopened on $26^{\text {th }}$ of June 2012. We had checked the records from beginning academic year. It was observed that all schools were serving a hot cooked meal day except the interruption period in 08 schools (20\%). School wise details are below. | 40 schools selected on the basis of the criteria given by the Govt. of India were vis during 03-08 September 2012. The schools in Yavatmal district after summer vac reopened on $26^{\text {th }}$ of June 2012. We had checked the records from beginning academic year. It was observed that all schools were serving a hot cooked meal day except the interruption period in 08 schools (20\%). School wise details are below. |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{S r}$ | Name of the school/ village | Interruption | Details |
|  | 1 | N.P. school No 20,Yavatmal | 16 days | 1-16 August 201 |
|  | 2 | Z.P School Hiwari | 18 days | 1-18 July 2012 |
|  | 3 | Z.P School Rampur | 15 days | 1-15 July 2012 |
|  | 4 | Z.P. School Kalgaon | 20 days | 26 June-15 July 2012 |
|  | 5 <br> 6 | Z.P School Pimpari road | 10 days | 26 June-15 July 2012 |
|  | 6 | Z.P School Pardi | 7 days | 9-16 July 2012 |
|  | 7 <br> 8 | Z.P School Mahagaon | 4 days | $27-30$ June 2012 |
|  | 8 | Z.P School Astona | 27 days | 9 Aug,-6 Sept. 2012 |

In Z.P. school Hivari flood affected rice was destroyed,hence the interruption was occured.
2. TRENDS:

Extent of variation (As per school records vis-à-vis actual position/status on the day of visit)

| Sr No | Details | Boys | Girls | Total |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1. | Enrollment | 3820 | 3745 | 7565 |
| 2. | No of children opted for Mid day meal | 3820 | 3745 | 7565 |
| 3. | No. of children attending the school on the day of visit | 3101 | 3189 | 6290 |
| 4. | No. of children availing MDM as per MDM Register | 3101 | 3189 | 6290 |
| 5. | No. of children actually availing MDM on the day of visit | 3101 | 3189 | 6290 |
| 6. | No. of children availing MDM on the previous day | 3241 | 3380 | 6621 |


|  | All children enrolled in the school opted for mid-day meal. No variation was found between the number of children availing mid-day-meal as per MDM register and actual number of children availed mid-day meal. On the day of visit. 83.14 percent of children had taken mid-day meal, and 87.52 percent of children had taken mid-day meal on the previous day. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 3. | REGULARITY IN DELIVERING FOOD GRAINS TO SCHOOL LEVEL: |
|  | (i) Is school/implementing agency receiving food grains regularly? If there is delay in delivering food grains, what is the extent of delay and reasons for the same? |
|  | 25 schools (62,5\%) had received food grains regularly and a delay in delivering food grains was noticed in 15 schools. The previous stock was available with some school hence there is not regular time table to provide food grains. e.g. In the Z.P. school Pandavvihir food grains material for the month of January and February 2012 was supplied on 24 Feb.2012, for the month of June, July and August material was supplied on 13 July 2012, for the month of Sept. \& Oct they supplied on 3 Sept 2012. It was observed that no fix time table to supply the food material. <br> Table.3.1 Delay in receiving food grains |
|  | (ii) Is buffer stock of one-month's requirement maintained? |
|  | From the previous year the State has started supplying rice, pulses and condiments through a centralized agency- viz. Maharashtra State Co-operative Marketing Federation Ltd. It was observed that the stock of two months was supplied at the same time by the federation, therefore there was one month's additional stock in 39 schools (97.5\%). <br> Table.3.2 Buffer stock maintenance |
|  | (iii) Is the quantity of food grain supplied was as per the marked / indicated weight? |
|  | All sample schools reported that the quantity of food grains that was supplied was as per the weight marked on bags. |



| 5. | SOCIAL EQUITY: |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | i) Did you observe any gender or caste or community discrimination in cooking or serving or seating arrangements? |
|  | In none of the schools, any discrimination with respect to gender, caste or community was observed in cooking, serving or seating arrangement. <br> Table.5.1. Social Equity: Discrimination observed |
|  | ii) What is the system of serving and seating arrangements for eating? |
|  | It was noticed that in 22 schools (55\%) the students used to sit in school verandaha or in classroom or in open place in school premises and the cook and helper served the food. In 18 schools students used to stand in queue to get the food. |


| 6. | VARIETY OF MENU: |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | i) Has the school displayed its weekly menu at a place noticeable to community, and is it able to adhere to the menu displayed? |  |  |
|  | Very few 7 schools (17.5\%) had displayed a weekly menu at a place noticeable to community. In most of the 30 schools ( $75 \%$ ) it was inside school office. In 1 schools it was inside the kitchen shed. In 2 schools menu was kept in file. It was found that the prescribed menu was not followed in 04 schools (10\%) and the reason was insufficient supply of split pulses. <br> Table.6.1. Display of menu at a noticeable place |  |  |
|  | ii) Who decides the menu? |  |  |
|  | The state has given 4 different menus to all districts, suggesting them to select one of it for their district. The authority to select the menu was given to the committee constituted under the chairmanship of the District Chief Executive Officer. The menu selected by the district committee is followed by the all schools in the respective district. |  |  |
| 7. | VARIETY OF FOOD |  |  |
|  | (i) Is there variety in the food served or is the same type of food served daily? |  |  |
|  | In 38 schools (95\%) a variety in the food preparation as given in the prescribed menu such as rice with curry or khichadi was noticed. The seasonal green vegetables were found to be used in mid-day meal. Mostly tomato and potato were used as vegetable . |  |  |
|  | (ii) Dose the daily menu include rice / wheat preparation, dal and vegetables? |  |  |
|  | It was noticed that daily menu was mainly rice preparation along with dal or curry on every alternate day, as given in the prescribed menu. |  |  |
| 8. | QUALITY \& QUANTITY OF MEAL : |  |  |
|  | Feedback from children on |  |  |
|  | a) Quality of meal: |  |  |
|  | In 23 schools (55.5\%) quality of food was found good. In 15 schools (37.5\%) it was average. And in 2 schools it was poor. <br> Table.8.1. Quality of meal (\% of schools) |  |  |


|  | b) Quantity of meal: |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | In all sample schools the quantity of food was found to be sufficient as per the need of children. <br> Table.8.2. Quantity of meal (\% of schools) |
|  | c) \{If children were not happy, please give reasons and suggestions to improve.\} |
|  | In all schools, children gave positive feedback about the food and they were found to be happy with it. |
| 9. | SUPPLEMENTARY: |
|  | (i) Is there school Health Card maintained for each child? |
|  | In all 40 schools had maintained a Health Card for each child. <br> Table.9.1. Availability of Health card |
|  | (ii) What is the frequency of health check-up? |
|  | The annual health check up was found to be conducted in all schools. |
|  | As per the guidelines given in April 2010 by the Govt of India, the State has supplied micronutrient supplementation of IFA syrup to the I to V class children and IFA capsules to VI to VIII class children. |
|  | (iv) Who administers these medicines and at what frequency? |
|  | The Block Resource Center has supplied these medicines and the school had given these medicines according to the instructions given by the district / state. |
| 10 | STATUS OF COOKS: |
|  | (i) Who cooks and serves the meal? (Cook cum helper appointed by the Department/VEC/PRI/Self Help Group/ NGO/Contractor) |
|  | In all schools cook and helper were appointed. In 37 schools ( $92.5 \%$ ) cook and helper appointed by the SMC cooked and served the meal and in 3 schools (7.5\%) it was served by the SHG member. |




| 12. | In case the pucca kitchen shed is not available, where is the food being cooked and where are the food grains / other ingredients being stored. |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | It was observed that where the kitchen shed was not available the food was cooked in the school verandah in 6 schools (15\%), unutilized spare classroom in 8 schools (20\%), on open yard in 10 schools ( $25 \%$ ), cooks home in 3 school ( $7.5 \%$ ), temporary shed in schools 3 (7.5\%) and teachers quarter in 1 school (2.5\%). <br> MDM: Food cooked in temporary shed <br> A large no. of schools lacked storage place for food items. It was observed that food grains were stored in classroom in 13 schools (32.5\%), School office in 4 schools (10\%), unutilized classroom in 16 schools (40\%). In 3 schools (7.5\%) food grains were stored in kitchen shed. |
| 13. | Whether potable water is available for cooking and drinking purpose? |
|  | In most of the schools had their won source of portable water for cooking and drinking. In the 16 schools ( $40 \%$ ) had Hand pump in school premises and in 18 schools (45\%) had tap water supply which was stored in sintex tank or cement water tank being constructed. In the 5 schools had not their own source of water facility they bring water from other place and stored in vessel. In Z.P. school Jadmoha water facility was not available so students bring water bottles from home. |
| 14. | Whether utensils are available for cooking food? If, available is it adequate? |
|  | Most of the schools 32 ( $80 \%$ ) reported that they had adequate utensils where as 8 schools reported inadequate utensils. |



|  | iii. Do the children take meals in an orderly manner? |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Except the Nagar Parishad school No. 20 Yavatmal in all schools the children were taking meals in a disciplined manner. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | iv. Conservation of water? |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | It was observed that in all schools the children were encouraged to conserve water. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | v. Is the cooking process and storage of fuel safe, not posing any fire hazard? |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | It was observed that in all sample schools the cooking process and storage of fuel was safe, not posing any fire hazard. In 30 schools had fire extinguisher were available. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION AND AWARENESS*: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | i) Extent of participation by Parents / VECs / Panchayats / Urban bodies in daily supervision, monitoring, participation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | In 40 schools parents and 39 SMCs were supervising and monitoring the mid-day meal scheme, but the frequency of such supervision was found to be inadequate. The reason is that most of the parents are either farmers or farm workers and during day time they are busy in the field. Hence, they could not afford to spend time for daily supervision and monitoring. <br> It was found that the overall participation by Parents, SMCs, Panchayats and urban bodies was negligible in all schools. <br> Table.17.1. Extent of participation Parents/community (\% schools) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ii) Is any roster being maintained by the community members for supervision of the MDM? |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | No roster was maintained in any school by the community members for supervision of MDM and also teachers were not found to be keen about this matter. In 8 schools MDM test register was maintained. Whenever SMC members visited MDM they record about test of food in it. |  |  |  |  |  |  |




|  | iii) Remarks made by the visiting of officers? if any? |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | The most common remark by the visiting officers was "according to the menu mid-day <br> meal was prepared and served" No specific suggestions were given regarding the <br> preparation and its quality. |
| $\mathbf{1 9 .}$ | IMPACT |
|  | Has the mid day meal improved the enrollment, attendance of children in <br> school, any improvement in general well being, nutritional status of the <br> children (to be verified from school record, discussion with students, <br> teachers and parents. Is there any other incidental benefit to the children <br> and school due to serving of mid-day-meal by VEC, PRI members? |
|  | It was reported that in all 40 schools the mid-day meal programme had helped to <br> improve the attendance. |
| B. | Any other issues relevant to MDM implementation |
|  | MI may give a maximum 2 page note, on any other issues, relevant to MDM <br> implementation, not covered above. |
|  | All issues, relevant to MDM implementation are covered. |

[14 (a) School list with DISE code and Criteria visited by MI
District 5: Yavatmal

| Sr.No | Name of the school/ Village | Type of school | DISE Code | Criteria |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | N.P. School No. 20, Yavatmal | PS with UPS | 1512801 | g |
| 2 | N.P. Urdu Girls School No. 14 Islampura, Yavatmal | PS with UPS | 1512802 | g |
| 3 | N.P. School No. 10, Gandhinagar Yavatmal | PS with UPS | 1512849 | g |
| 4 | N.P. School No. 15 Talavfaila Yavatmal | PS | 1512854 | g |
| 5 | N.P. School No. 5 Patipura Yavatmal | PS with UPS | 1512844 | g |
| 6 | Z.P. School Chandapur | PS with UPS | 1502501 | f |
| 7 | Z.P. School Ichori | PS | 1503801 | h |
| 8 | Z.P. School Hiwari | PS with UPS | 1504601 | i |
| 9 | N. P. School No. 4 Vani | PS with UPS | 1415304 | g |
| 10 | Z.P. School Rasa | PS with UPS | 1412301 | a |
| 11 | Z.P.School Matharjun | PS with UPS | 1607401 | j |
| 12 | Z.P. School Rampur | PS | 1610101 | b |
| 13 | Z.P. Girls School Mulawa | PS with UPS | 1307603 | d |
| 14 | Z.P. School Ganganmal | PS | 1303901 | b |
| 15 | Z.P. School Kalgaon | PS with UPS | 0703701 | d |
| 16 | Z.P. School Bijora | PS with UPS | 0700901 | f |
| 17 | Z.P.School Bahattar | PS | 1000901 | h |
| 18 | Z.P. School Pimpri Road | PS with UPS | 1009901 | d |
| 19 | Z.P School Kolgaon | PS with UPS | 0805101 | j |
| 20 | Z.P. School Pandavvihir | PS | 0808301 | h |
| 21 | N. P. Girls School No. 1 Pusad | PS with UPS | 1112240 | g |
| 22 | Z.P. School Indiranagar | PS | 1105701 | k |
| 23 | Z.P. School Januna | PS with UPS | 1107001 | f |
| 24 | Z.P. School Vanvarala | PS with UPS | 1114901 | i |
| 25 | Z.P. School Bhandari (j) | PS | 0101801 | e |
| 26 | Z.P. School Dabhadi | PS with UPS | 0103101 | k |
| 27 | Z.P. School Manoli | PS with UPS | 0506801 | d |
| 28 | Z.P. School Pardi | PS with UPS | 0508201 | i |
| 29 | N. P. School No. 2 Digras | PS with UPS | 0401917 | g |
| 30 | Z.P. School Mahagaon | PS with UPS | 0404101 | k |
| 31 | N. P. School No. 1 Darwha | PS with UPS | 0302918 | g |
| 32 | Z.P. School Bijora Tanda | PS | 0301902 | i |
| 33 | Z.P. School Ashtona | PS with UPS | 1200501 | a |
| 34 | Z.P. School Bhurabapod | PS | 1210401 | b |
| 35 | Z.P. School Sawargaon | PS with UPS | 0611801 | f |
| 36 | Z.P. School Jodmoha | PS with UPS | 0604401 | j |
| 37 | N. P. School No. 1 Ner | PS | 0907601 | g |
| 38 | Z.P. School Chinchgaon | PS with UPS | 0902001 | j |
| 39 | Z.P. School Pachkhed | PS with UPS | 0205501 | d |
| 40 | Z.P. School Nandura | PS | 0205001 | i |

